THE CONSTITUTION.

VOLUME I. ATLANTA, GEORGIA, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1868. NUMBER 102

SAMUEL MEYER,
COTTON FACTOR
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
(Office at Glenn, Wright & Carr's Warehouse.)
Liberal advances made on shipments to our friends in New York, Liverpool and Savannah.
sep15-6m

ELAM, CHRISTIAN,
General Commission Merchant,
GRIFFIN, GEORGIA.
CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.
REFERENCES:—Col. C. W. Styles, Gen. J. B. Gordon, Atlanta, Ga. Hon. Warren Aiken, Barlow County, Ga. W. A. Huff & Co., T. W. Freeman & Co., Macon, Ga.
aug 25-tf

T. T. SMITH, Savannah. D. P. HILL, Atlanta. W. L. LAMPKIN, Forsyth.
SMITH, HILL & LAMPKIN,
COTTON
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
SAVANNAH, GA.
WE are prepared to make liberal advances on consignments to ourselves, and on Cotton shipped to Northern markets or Liverpool.
aug21-d3m

EZZARD & HULSEY,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Atlanta, Georgia,
Having removed their office to the Peter Hugo building, on Whitehall street, near James' Bank, will continue to practice their profession in copartnership in the various courts of Fulton county, and in the Superior Courts of the adjoining counties and in the United States District Court for the Northern District of Georgia.
WILLIAM EZZARD,
oct7-d1m WILLIAM H. HULSEY.

O. A. LOCHRANE,
Attorney & Counsellor
AT LAW,
ATLANTA, Ga. Office in the building of the United States Court, on Broad street, formerly occupied by Brown & Pope, will practice in the Superior Courts of Fulton and Bibb counties, in the United States District and Circuit Courts at Atlanta and Savannah, and in the supreme Court of the State.
The unfinished business of Brown & Pope is in course of preparation and will be completed by me
Office hours from 9 to 2, and from 3 to 6 o'clock.
sept19 d3m

MORRIS & TRIMBLE,
Importers Manufacturers and Dealers in
French Burr and other Mill Stones,
BOLTING CLOTHS,
BEST quality Anker Brand, by the piece or cut to order. Smut Machines, Belting, and Mill Furnishing Goods generally.
WEST FALLS AVENUE,
Near Pratt Street Bridge, Baltimore.
aug18-d3m

THOS. HARDEMAN, JR. O. G. SPARKS.
HARDEMAN & SPARKS,
Commission Merchants,
Macon, Ga.
TO THE PLANTERS
IN MIDDLE AND SOUTHERN GEORGIA.
FOR TWENTY YEARS we have served you, we believe faithfully. Our success depends upon your prosperity, hence we have zealously sought to promote your interest and advanced it by every means in our power. As Commission Merchants, we again tender you our services at our old stand, which has withstood the flames of a burning square (thereby proving its security), and where we hope to merit the very liberal patronage always given us.
The sale of Cotton is our speciality. We flatter ourselves none can excel us. To old friends we return thanks; to new ones, we say try us, we will try to please you.
Usual accommodations given to enable you to make a crop
sep23 d3m

J. M. & J. C. ALEXANDER,
DEALERS IN
Dutch Bolting Cloths, Mill Findings,
HARDWARE, IRON, NAILS,
Carriage Material, Agricultural and Mining Implements & Supplies,
HOES, CHAINS, SCYTHE BLADES AND CRADLES,
Tools for all Trades,
Metals, Belting, Hollow Ware, &c.
WHITEHALL STREET ATLANTA, GA.
mar27-ly

Chicago Ale Depot.
M. E. KENNY has constantly on hand a full supply of the celebrated LILL'S CHICAGO ALE, and is prepared to supply dealers in any quantity. He is also dealer in
BRANDIES, WINES, WHISKIES and SEGARS
Sample Rooms, No. 14 Alabama street, next door to the United States Hotel.

MACGREGOR LINE!
DIRECT
Steam Communication
WITH EUROPE!
THE
Georgia and Liverpool
LINE!
OF
First-Class New Iron Clyde-Built Steamships,
COMPOSED OF THE

SABASOTA,	Now building.
SALUDA,	Now building.
SELMA,	Now building.
SAVANNAH,	Now building.
ATTILA,	Now building.
WAVERLY,	Captain BRYSON.
LEITH,	Captain BARNETSON.
STIRLING,	Captain BLACK.
RIGA,	Captain HENRY.
DON,	Captain MASON.

☞ Freight taken from and to St. Louis, Nashville, Memphis, Vicksburg, Selma, Montgomery, Eufaula, Tallahassee, Atlanta, Macon, Columbus, Augusta, Griffin, Albany, Americus, Greensboro, Madison, Covington, Athens, Newnan, LaGrange, West Point, Cuthbert, Dawson, Thomasville, Cartersville, and all points in the Southern States, Great Britain and the Continent.
☞ Bills of lading signed on Railroad receipts at interior points of shipment. Press receipts at Savannah and dray receipts at Liverpool. Insurance effected from interior points of shipment and from Savannah, when desired, on our open policies here or in Liverpool.
☞ Advance of three-quarters of the value at the time of shipment given upon consignments, and proceeds guaranteed.
Proposed days of sailing from Savannah, 1st **and 15th of Each Month,** commencing as follows:
WAVERLY, 1,500 bales capacity,.. 15th November.
DON, 2,500 bales capacity,.. 1st December.
RIGA, 3,500 bales capacity,.. 15th December.
LEITH, 4,500 bales capacity,.. 1st January.
☞ Extra steamers of 1,500 and 3,000 bales capacity will be despatched to Liverpool, Havre, Bremen, Hamburg, Antwerp, Trieste, Genoa, and Cronstadt, whenever inducements offer.
☞ Freight taken from Cardiff, or any indirect port, for Savannah. Apply to
WM. M. TUNO & CO.
In Liverpool to STODDART BROTHERS, and Leith to DONALD R. MACGREGOR.
sept6

ATTENTION!
Cotton Planters and Shippers,
WOOLFOLK, WALKER & CO.
MACON, GEORGIA.
SUCCESSORS to WOOLFOLK & ANDERSON, at the Harris & Bone Warehouse, would respectfully call the attention of their planting friends and cotton shippers generally to the fact that they have formed a copartnership under the above style, for the transaction of a Warehouse and Commission Business, pledging themselves to give their undivided attention to the interests of their patrons.
We will make liberal advances upon Cotton in store, and will also fill all orders for our customers with promptness and dispatch. We solicit your favors.
JAS. M. WOOLFOLK
JOEL A. WALKER.
June 17—d3m

DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM,

Adopted by the New York National Democratic Convention, July 7, 1868.

The Democratic party, in National Convention assembled, reposing its trust in the intelligence, patriotism and discriminating justice of the people; standing upon the Constitution as the foundation and limitation of the powers of the Government and the guarantee of the liberties of the citizen; and recognizing the questions of slavery and secession as having been settled for all time to come by the war or the voluntary action of the Southern States in Constitutional Convention assembled, and never to be renewed or re-agitated, do, with the return of peace, demand—

1. Immediate restoration of all the States to their rights in the Union under the Constitution and civil government of the American people.

2. Amnesty for all past political offenses, and the regulation of the elective franchise in the States by their citizens, and payment of the public debt of the United States as rapidly as practicable.

3. All moneys drawn from the people by taxation, except so much as is requisite for the necessities of the Government, economically administered, should be honestly applied to such payment, and where the obligations of the Government do not expressly state upon their face, or the law under which they were issued does not provide, that they shall be paid in coin, they ought, in right and justice to be paid in the lawful money of the United States.

4. Equal taxation of every species of property according to its real value, including Government bonds and other public securities.

5. One currency for the Government and people, the laborer and the office-holder, the pensioner and the soldier, the producer and the bond-holder.

6. Economy in the administration of the government; the reduction of the standing army and navy; the abolishment of the Freedmen's Bureau, and all political instrumentalities designed to secure negro supremacy; simplification of the system and the discontinuance of inquisitorial boards for assessing and collecting internal revenue, so that the burden of taxation may be equalized and lessened; the credit of the government and the currency made good; the repeal of all enactments for enrolling the State militia into national forces in time of peace; a tariff for revenue upon foreign imports, and such equal taxation under the internal revenue laws as will afford incidental protection to domestic manufactures, and as will, without impairing the revenue, impose the least burden upon and best promote and encourage the great industrial interests of the country.

7. Reform of abuses in the administration, the expulsion of corrupt men from offices, the abrogation of useless offices, the restoration of rightful authority to, and the independence of the Executive and Judicial departments of the Government, the subordination of the military to the civil power to the end that the usurpations of Congress and the despotism of the sword may cease.

8. Equal rights and protection for naturalized and native born citizens at home and abroad; an assertion of American nationality, which shall command the respect of foreign powers, and furnish an example and encouragement to people struggling for national integrity, constitutional liberty, and the maintenance of the rights of naturalized citizens against the absolute doctrine of immutable allegiance, and the claims of foreign powers to punish them for alleged crime committed beyond their jurisdiction.

In demanding these measures and reforms we arraign the Radical party for its disregard of right, and the unparalleled oppression and tyranny which have marked its career, after the most solemn and unanimous pledges of both houses of Congress to prosecute the war exclusively for the maintenance of the government and the preservation of the Union under the Constitution.

It has repeatedly violated that most sacred pledge under which was rallied that noble volunteer army that carried our flag to victory.

Instead of restoring the Union, it has, so far as in its power dissolved it, and subjected ten States in time of peace to military despotism and negro supremacy.

It has nullified there the right of trial by jury.

It has abolished the habeas corpus, that most sacred writ of liberty.

It has overthrown the freedom of speech and the press.

It has substituted arbitrary seizures and arrests, and military trials and Star Chamber inquisitions for constitutional tribunals.

It has disregarded in time of peace the right of the people to be free from search and seizures.

It has entered the post and telegraph offices, and even the private rooms of individuals, and seized their private papers and letters, without any specification or notice of affidavit, as required by the organic law.

It has converted the American capitol into a Bastile.

It has established a system of spies and one infamous espionage to which no constitutional monarchy of Europe would now dare resort.

It has abolished the right of appeal in important constitutional questions to the Supreme Judicial tribunal, and threatened, and attempted to control its original jurisdiction, which is irrevocably vested by the Constitution, while the learned Chief Justice has been subjected to the most atrocious calumnies, merely because he would not surrender the high office to the support of the false and partisan charges preferred against the President.

Its corruption and extravagance have exceeded anything known in history, and by its frauds and monopolies it has nearly doubled the burden of debt created during the war.

It has stripped the President of his constitutional power of appointment, even of his own cabinet.

Under its repeated assaults the pillars of the Government are rocking on their base, and should it succeed in November next and inaugurate its President, we will meet as a subjected and conquered people amid the ruins of liberty and the scattered fragments of the Constitution; and we do declare and resolve that ever since the people of the United States threw off all subjection to the British crown, the privilege and trust of suffrage have been granted to the several States, and have been granted, regulated and controlled exclusively by the political power of each State respectively, and any attempt by Congress, on any pretext whatever, to deprive any State of this right, or interfere with the exercise of it, is a flagrant usurpation of power which can find no warrant in the Constitution, and, if sanctioned by the people, will subvert our form of government, and can only end in a single centralized, consolidated government, in which the separate existence of the States will be entirely obliterated, and an unqualified despotism be established in place of a Federal Union of equal States.

That we regard the reconstruction acts of Congress, so-called, as usurpations, unconstitutional, revolutionary and void, and that our soldiers and sailors who carried the flag of our country to victory against a most gallant and determined foe, must ever be gratefully remembered, and all the guarantees given in their favor must be faithfully carried into execution.

That the public lands should be distributed widely among the people, and should be disposed of either under the pre-emption of homestead laws, and sold in reasonable quantities, and to none but actual occupants at the minimum price as established by the government. When grants of the public lands may be allowed, necessary for the encouragement of important public improvements, the proceeds of the sales of such lands, and not the lands themselves, should be applied.

That the President of the United States, Andrew Johnson, in exercising the power of his high office in resisting the aggressions of Congress on the constitutional rights of the States and the people, is entitled to the gratitude of the whole American people, and on behalf of the Democratic party we tender him our thanks for his patriotic efforts in that regard.

Upon this platform the Democratic party appeal to every patriot, including all the conservative element and all who desire to support the Constitution and restore the Union, forgetting all past differences of opinion; to unite with us in the present great struggle for the liberties of the people, and that to all such, to whatever party they may have heretofore belonged, we extend the right hand of fellowship, and hail all such co-operating with us as friends and brothers.

☞ ATLANTA POST OFFICE.—ARRIVAL and Departure of Mails. Office open at 8 o'clock, A. M.; Close at 7, P. M. Sundays from 8 to 10, A. M. Officers: Thos. G. Simms, Postmaster; Frank Mills, Assistant Postmaster; J. S. Nall, Money Order and Registry Clerk and Cashier; W. C. Daniel, Mailing Clerk; J. W. Woodyard, Distributing Clerk; C. Brumley, W. A. Ormi, Delivery Clerks; M. W. Smith, Stamp Clerk; P. H. Woodward, Special Agent Postoffice Department.

	Mails arrive	Mails Close.
Washington, D. C.	3.45 "	6 P. M.
New York	3.45 "	6 "
Philadelphia	3.45 "	6 "
Baltimore	3.45 "	6 "
Memphis and Arkansas	3.45 "	6 "
Louisville, Ky.	3.45 "	6 "
Chattanooga Nashville	3.45 "	6 "
W. & A. R. R. Way Mail	3.45 "	6 "
Augusta, Ga.	7.45 A. M.	4.20 P. M. 5 P. M. 6 A. M.
Charleston	7.45 A. M.	4.20 P. M. 5 P. M.
Ga. R. R. Way Mail		
Athens, Ga. and Milledgeville, Ga.	4.20 P. M.	6 A. M.
M. & W. R. R. Way Mail	2.00 P. M.	6.45 A. M.
Macon	4.0. A. M.	6 P. M.
Savannah, S. W. R. R.		
and Florida	4.00 A. M.	6 P. M.
New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery and Columbus	5.30 P. M.	7 A. M.
Atlanta and Montgomery Way Mail	5.30 P. M.	7 A. M.

TRI-WEEKLY MAIL LINE.

Atlanta to Dahlonega—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Dahlonega to Blairsville and to Murphy, N. C.—Weekly—Saturdays.
Newnan to Carrollton and Bowden—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Newnan to Franklin—Semi-Weekly—Wednesdays and Saturdays.
LaGrange to Greenville—Tri-Weekly, via Greenville, Ga.
LaGrange to Columbus, via Hamilton—Tri-Weekly.
Stone Mountain, Ga., to Lawrenceville—Tri-Weekly.
Lawrenceville to Gainesville—Weekly—Saturdays.
Athens to Gainesville—Semi-Weekly—Tuesdays and Thursdays.
Cartersville to Marble Works and Riverside Weekly—Tuesdays.

EVENING EDITION.

DAILY CIRCULATION OVER 3,000!

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, OCTOBER 12.

OUR NEW QUARTERS.—After an interruption of one day's publication, occasioned by a change of location, THE CONSTITUTION goes forth this evening to greet its many readers from its new quarters in the Building, nearly opposite the Post Office, on Broad street. We are more than pleased with the change, first, because it is rising higher on terra firma, and secondly, it brings us into closer proximity with the *Intelligencer* and *New Era*, thereby enabling us to point an eye more directly to their conduct, and to step between them should they at any time, like spoilt children, begin to scratch and tear each other's eyes.

We are drawing our lines in upon our neighbors, yet we do not mean to take them by storm, but, on the contrary, by regular approaches.

We like the change because it shows that we are getting up in the world. With our business office, compositor's and press rooms on the first floor, and our editorial sanctum in the story above, everything will work as smoothly as if it were lubricated by the finest oil. Then the latch string to this eyrie of ours will always hang on the outside, extending a welcome to our friends within. The south-western view from our sanctum would be unconfined but for a dilapidated building just in the rear. This, however, may be well enough as a check to the unbroken reveries in which we might otherwise indulge. With our vantage ground in position, for the advancement of the interests of this city, the prosperity of the whole State, and the cause of Democracy, we will give increased vigor to THE CONSTITUTION.

PAVE IT.—Broad street is fast becoming one of the most important streets in the city, and we feel justified in calling upon the City Fathers to have it mecadamized at once. This done, and the vacant lots improved, the street will be the most beautiful in the city, as well as the most desirable for business. Its locality, width and elevation all conspire to give it pre-eminence, and as it is a short street, the city can very well afford to pave it. Let it be done by all means.

A CANDIDATE FOR CONGRESS KICKED.—A private letter from Athens informs us that Wimpy, the Radical candidate for Congress in the 6th District, spoke in that city on the 9th, and was replied to by Col. Wier Boyd, the Democratic candidate.—Wimpy declared the negro the equal of the white man.

After the speaking, a staunch old Democrat, who wore "No. 12 pag soles," administered several wholesome kicks to Wimpy's rear, which he received with Radical stoicism. The negroes showed some excitement, but the cowardice of their candidate roused their contempt, and they left him "alone in his glory."

Such is now the only argument that can reach the souls of the carpet baggers and scallawags. They are so deeply dyed in infamy and falsehood, that truth is powerless to rescue them and they have no alternative but to plunge deeper in and pull the hole in after them.

"FAIR ELECTION."—Gen. Meade declared last spring that the people of Georgia should have a "fair election." We all know how well he kept his pledge, in that regard; fraud and force were the means employed to degrade the white people, and turn over the State to negroes and carpet-baggers.

Again he announces his purpose to see that the election is conducted fairly, and to enforce fairness distributes bayonets throughout the State. Then he had some show of authority for interferring with the mode and manner of conducting the election—he was supreme in his authority, at least, and our people submitted quietly to the infamous outrages perpetrated through the agencies he invoked to secure a "fair election." Now he has not the shadow of authority for interferring with the management of the election, and has no right to say who shall or shall not vote, who shall vote first, or in what manner any body shall vote. The idea of his attempting to dictate to Judges of Election, or to control their action in any particular whatever, is simply preposterous and insulting. We grant that he is authorized to *assist* civil officers to preserve the peace, when called upon, but he has no authority to go about the ballot box, or to interfere in any way until a sheriff or the civil officer whose duty it is to superintend the State's police, shall notify him that he is unable to keep the peace, and calls upon him for force sufficient to that end.

At the last election, Gen. Meade being the supreme *law* of Georgia, any resistance to his authority would have been resistance to *law*, and parties so resisting would have been guilty of the crime of resisting an officer in the discharge of his duty. Now the proposition is reversed: another *law* obtains, and whether it be a mere "technicality" or not, it is paramount, and protects the citizen as well as the soldier; and if, in the full, free and unrestrained exercise of his legal and constitutional rights, the citizen is disturbed or met with force by the machinery of an ogling Sweat-box, he is not bound to abandon his rights or yield his privileges. In such a case the responsibility and the crime would fall on those who, without warrant, authority, or instructions, under the laws the Constitution, or orders from superiors, should be the aggressors.

We counsel patience, forbearance, and *submission* to all reasonable exactions—obedience to the laws is the highest evidence of loyalty, and is the surest guarantee of peace, order and tranquilty.—This we counsel, and with it the corollary to require the same obedience in others. If the laws and Constitution are ignored and trampled upon as "technicalities," let those who dare profane them learn how freemen can enforce obedience and keep the peace. The people, through their chosen and commissioned civil authorities, are now supreme in Georgia, and they should treat all intermeddlers and impertinent aggressors as "technicalities." If this be not so, we are without a government, and the primal law of self-preservation is the last resort for personal liberty.

HULBERT AS A SUPPLY AGENT.—Several days since we illustrated the capacity of "my selection" as a trader, showing by actual figures, that what he boasted of as a good trade, was really a loss to the State and a gain to the other contracting party. He has been scarcely more successful as a supply agent. A good supply agent always knows what amount of supplies are on hand, how long they will last, and is governed by these facts in making his purchases. Hulbert seems to have been sadly deficient in this respect. Witness this extract from his letter to Bullock under date of September 28th, in reply to Bullock's demand for "facts that will show my selection of a superintendent to have been wisely made." "An ample supply of wood for the winter months has been purchased and paid for from the earnings of last month."

Now, this "*fact*" implies, and it was doubtless intended to be so understood, that this purchase was *necessary* to supply the road with fuel during the winter months. If he had not felt the necessity of making this purchase *at that time*, it is to be presumed that he would have preferred paying the twelve or thirteen thousand dollars thus invested into the treasury of the State, where it would have served the double purpose of meeting the demands on the State Treasury, and of making a fact to "show my selection of a superintendent to have been wisely made." It is evident then he thought the purchase should be made—"*sharp and quick*," and yet if he had made a few inquiries, he would have found that the State Road has not consumed exceeding twenty thousand cords of wood per annum since the surrender, and that he received more than *twelve thousand cords* when the Road was delivered to him on the 10th of August—at least seven months' supply—*an ample supply for the winter months.* Why then was this large expenditure made from the August earnings and so kept out of the Treasury of the State? Simply because a necessity was supposed to exist when it did not. He "wasn't posted" on the amount of supplies on hand and how long they would last—that's all. If he had been, his payments into the Treasury would now have amounted to more than the cash and cash assets turned over to him by Maj. Wallace. *As it is, they don't.*

THE CAMILLA RIOT.—A special dispatch to the Louisville Journal, dated Washington, October 7, says:

"It is contended in Radical circles that Gen. Sibley's report of the Camilla affair has not yet arrived at Washington, though there are many reasons for believing that it was in possession of General Howard several days ago, but has been referred back to Gen. Sibley for modification, as its publication in its original shape would have been damaging to Radical interests. This morning application was made to Secretary Schofield for a copy of General Meade's report of the affair, but he declined to make it public at present, saying he had not yet had an opportunity of reading it carefully and had not submitted it to the President, but intended doing so to-day.—As might have been expected, General Meade makes out a strong case against the Sheriff and citizens of Camilla.

DEMOCRATIC TRIUMPH IN DELAWARE. The Baltimore Sun of the 8th says on Tuesday last the election for Inspectors took place in Delaware. We are indebted to the Wilmington Gazette for an extra containing the result in that city and New Castle county. The Republican majority in Wilmington is only nine votes, which is a Democratic gain of 305 since the Mayor's election last month. New Castle county gives a Democratic majority of 612—a gain of 401 over the vote of 1866. In Wilmington the Democrats elect a majority of the Inspectors, and in the county have twelve out of seventeen. The Gazette says the vote polled was unusually large.

☞ It is gratifying to learn that the genius and journalistic wit of Geo. D. Prentice are not impaired by age, and that as the Nestor of the American press, he still presides over that journal, the fame of which is not confined to America alone.—That he may long live, adding by his great talent additional lustre to the press of the country, is our earnest desire.

The following card, published in the Journal a day or two since, was elicited by some erroneous impressions started by the Cincinnati Commercial, relative to his connection with that paper, and other statements of a personal character equally unfounded:

PERSONAL.—I desire to say to my friends everywhere but particularly to my newspaper friends, that they have fallen into a serious error in regard to me, and are doing others great injustice on my account. I suppose I must confess that I am not as young as I was forty years ago, but I am not poor and certainly do not consider myself as broken down. My personal relations with every one of my associates are perfectly kind, and with no one have they been more kindly, not to say affectionate, than with Mr. Watterson. Every issue of the Journal for the last two weeks has contained matter of mine; and it is my purpose, God willing, to live and work out the rest of the century.

GEO. D. PRENTICE.

NEW YORK MERCANTILE JOURNAL.—To merchants, manufacturers and bankers, we commend the above Journal, for the variety and reliability of the information it imparts relative to their respective branches of business.

HUNG.—Three negroes, Gorman, Jenkins and Whitus, were hung in Macon, Friday last, for the murder of Jonathan Sheffield, near that city, on the 25th of last August.

☞ The Savannah News announces the death of Col. William Thorne Williams, an old and respectable citizen.

Gen. Young's Acceptance.

ATLANTA, GA., Oct. 5.

Gen. P. M. B. Young—DEAR GENERAL: We were appointed by the Democratic Convention for the Seventh Congressional District, which assembled at Kingston on the 2d of the month, to inform you that you were nominated by acclamation as our candidate, and to request your acceptance of the trust. It gives us great pleasure to say that nothing could have exceeded the unanimity and cordial ty of the feeling of the delegates present, and as your friends we beg leave to say how entirely we sympathized in this feeling. Hoping that it will be agreeable to you to accept the position assigned you of "standard-bearer" of the Democracy of the Seventh District, we subscribe ourselves,

Very truly your friends,
CAREY W. STYLES,
GEO. N. LESTER,
JOHN MILLEDGE.

CARTERSVILLE, GA., Oct. 7, 1868.

Messrs. Carey W. Styles, George N. Lester, and John Milledge—GENTLEMEN: I have to acknowledge your polite note of the 5th, communicating the fact of my nomination as the Democratic candidate for Congress for the Seventh District, by the Kingston Convention, which assembled on the 2nd of this month. Accept, gentlemen, my warmest thanks for the kind manner in which you convey this intelligence, and I also desire through you to express to the Convention the profound sense of obligation I feel to each member for the distinguished honor conferred upon me.

But I assure you, gentlemen, in all truth and solemnity, that my pleasure on this event is not unmingled with a solicitude of a painful character. To me it is clear that American politics have reached a point in the downward track of decline and corruption, which leaves it barely possible for the true friends of liberty and law to inaugurate recovering measures. Our receptive capacity as a people for the arts of the demagogue, and our toleration of the pranks and insolence of tyranny, are most astounding. To day, in less than eighty years of a political existence, we are forced to our election between the best and the worst government in the experience of mankind. I say *best* government, because the world can bear witness to the universal freedom and happiness of our people under the seventy years of Democratic and constitutional government which preceded these sad days.

I say the *worst* because throughout this unhappy South we are so trampled upon and outraged that we can, almost, declare that any change, whatever, would be a mercy.

And now, right now, we are all put to our election. The last day of November will find this once glorious heritage a prey to a most remorseless party, or the reins of government once more in the firm grasp of the law-abiding and law-loving Democracy. If, once again, this glorious old party which made America what she was in her palmy days, shall be firmly seated in authority, our very enemies themselves shall bless the day that we hurled them from power But, if God in His awful and afflicting Providence shall suffer us again to be leased out to the misrule and venality of a corrupt party, for four years more, then to my hope the book is closed, and all the good and all the glory that could be recorded of us is already written. *What a pity!*

Feeling thus, gentlemen, you may easily enter into the anxious state of my mind, when you recall the important part you have assigned me in this great struggle, as "your standard bearer." May I not reasonably and confidently invoke the hearty co-operation of Democrats everywhere in the Seventh Congressional District? I do most earnestly, ask the aid of every friend of the Constitution and of constitutional liberty in my efforts to bear aloft and to triumph our glorious banner, well assured of the happy result to all our stricken country upon our success.

I have, gentlemen, the honor to be your obedient servant. P. M. B. YOUNG.

THE PASCHALL HOUSE DRAWING.—A dispatch from St. Louis, of the 9th, says: The great event of the day was the Paschall House drawing, which took place in the arena, and occupied six hours' time. It is not known at present who are the holders of the winning tickets. The following are the numbers that drew the highest prizes: 55,792, Paschall House, valued at $280,000; 71,530, residence in Memphis, valued at $60,000; 60,664, residence in Jefferson City, Missouri, valued at $18,000; 92,785, residence on Chestnut Street, St. Louis, valued at $18,000; 11,094, residence on Eighth St., valued at $15,000; 35,367, residence on Morgan St., valued at $15,000; 1,629, residence on Eighth St., valued at $15,000; 42,106 residence on Choteau Avenue, valued at $10,000; 83,343, residence on Morgan St., valued at $15,000; 81,437, residence on Choteau Avenue, valued at $9,000.

ALBANY RISING FROM HER ASHES.—The Albany *News* says:

IMPROVEMENTS.—Some eight or nine brick stores have been completed in our city during the past month, and nearly all are filled or filling with goods.

Messrs. Westbrook & Bro's. three story iron front, on the corner of Broad and Jackson streets, is approaching completion, and will be an ornament to that portion of the city. Other improvements in the city are progressing.

☞ Charles Lamb, in his pleasant essay on the South Sea House, anticipates the Grecian bend in the following description of "Thomas Tame": "He had the air and stoop of a nobleman. You would have taken him for one had you met him in one of the passages leading to Westminster Hall. By stoop I mean that gentle bending of the body forward which, in great men, must be supposed to be the effect of an habitual condescending attention to the applications of their inferiors."

CONNECTICUT ALL RIGHT—*The State Sure for Seymour.*—NEW HAVEN, October, 7, 1868. Returns received at this office from every town in Connecticut show that the Democracy have carried a majority of the towns for the first time in fifteen years. This gives us assurance that the good old State will cast her electoral vote for Seymour and Blair by a larger majority than that of last April. Our majority in November cannot vary much from 4,000.—*New Haven Register.*

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, October 10.—General Sibley's report, as published in the Chronicle, covers seven columns; the only material in which the white side of the story is told is that of Stanford & Poore; the others, fourteen in number, are from persons attached to the Radical prosecution, mostly freedmen.

Schenck and Morgan have given intimation that they will not recommend the session on the 16th instant.

The recent local elections in Delaware indicate a Democratic majority of 4,000.

NEW YORK, October 10.—Yesterday morning Col. Williams, of Florida, accompanied by a Baptist clergyman, called on Governor Cobb. An animated conversation took place between the minister and Governor, Governor and Mrs. Cobb were taking leave of them on the stairs leading from the parlor to the office; Governor Cobb sat down on the stairs, when Mrs. Cobb observed a tremor of his body and a contraction of the muscles of his face, the attending physician of the hotel was called, but before medical remedies could be administered, the Governor was carried into the reception room and in a few moments was a corpse.

The President has directed the Secretary of the Interior to restore to Louisiana the statute of Washington brought North by Butler.

George H. Moore, Deputy Internal Revenue Collector of the 3d District of North Carolina, has been arrested for neglect of duty and alleged defalcation. Moore gave bail, and the case will be fully heard on Monday.

Edward A. Pollard is now applying for access to Confederate archives.

The statement of Mr. Seward's contemplated marriage is untrue.

Gen. Carlin has been relieved from duty as Bureau Commander in Tennessee, and ordered to report to Gen. Gillem for duty. Col. Thompson, of 2d Artillery, relieves Carlin.

NEW YORK, October 8.—The Republicans of the Fifth District nominated Horace Greeley for Congress.

NEWBERN, N. C., October 8.—In a correspondence between General Mills and Governor Holden, of this State, the latter states that a box of arms were recently found concealed in this city by a certain political organization. The arms referred to were found in a house used for the meeting of the Union League, and were concealed in a coffin. Several coffins, supposed to contain arms, have recently been sent out in the country by prominent Radicals in this vicinity.

MONTGOMERY, Oct. 10.—The Legislature will adjourn at 12 o'clock to night.

News reached here this morning of a terrible Ku-Klux outrage in Russell county, being the murder of the loyal Probate Judge and Clerk.

Resolutions were offered in the House calling upon the Governor to have the county declared under martial law and troops to be sent there at once. In the Senate a resolution was offered requiring the Governor to offer a reward of five thousand dollars for each man engaged in the murder. The Democratic members suggested that it was wrong to denounce people without a hearing or a trial.

News has been received this evening that the whole report was false and neither of the alleged murdered men are hurt. The Governor received a dispatch stating that there was not a word of truth in the alleged murder, the whole thing was a trick to make capital for the Northern elections.

MADRID, Oct. 10.—The Provisional Junta has issued a programme guarantying many reforms including administrative decentralization, universal suffrage, religious liberty, freedom of the press, right of public assemblages, radical change in educational system, jury trials, equality before the law.

LONDON, October 12.—Telegrams from Florence announce that Italy has formally recognized the Republic of Mexico.

NEW YORK, October 12.—The Henry Chauncey has arrived. The Constitutional Assembly has assumed the sovereignty of Panama until a constitution can be formed, delegated executive power to acting President Sirrosa, and recognized the provisional government.

SUNDAY'S DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 11.—New whisky regulations have been issued. The following is the provision for commencing operations: No distiller's bond should be approved until his distillery warehouse has been provided and established under the act of July 20, 1868, and no distillery should be permitted to start until a storekeeper has been assigned to such warehouse by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

NEW YORK, Oct. 11.—The Funeral of Brevet Brig. Gen. Gates, which took place this afternoon, was largely attended. Governor Isham Garrison acted as escort.

MONDAY'S DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 12—Noon.—General Reynolds' prohibition of the election in Texas is disapproved. The President is about issuing a military order in which the Constitution and laws are cited in condemnation of such interference by military officers under fine and imprisonment.

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 12.—A procession of the White Boys in Blue was fired into from a dark alley. The gun was loaded with small shot. Five or six were severely, though not dangerously wounded.

MADRID, SPAIN, Oct. 12.—All the Provinces have formally recognized the Provisional Junta.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, October 12.—Money easy at 6@7. Sterling 9. Gold 1 37½. 1865 coupons 12½. North Carolina sixes, 67 asked, new 65½. Virginia ex-coupons 53½, new 54½. Tennessee ex-coupons 65½, new 66½. Flour dull and drooping. Wheat dull at 1@2 lower. Corn quiet and a shade firmer. Mess pork dull at 28 50. Lard quiet. Cotton quite firm at 26½. Turpentine quiet at 44. Rosin steady; strained 3 37½. Freights firm.

CHARLESTON, October 10.—Cotton firm; middlings 23½@24; sales 188 bales; receipts 912 bales; exports, coastwise, 1,883 bales.

LONDON, October 12, M.—Consols 94½@94¾. Bonds 74½.

FRANKFORT, October 12.—Bonds 77½.

LIVERPOOL, October 12, A. M.—Cotton heads upward; sales 5,000 bales. Breadstuffs quiet. Corn buoyant at 38s. 9d.

LIVERPOOL, October 12, P. M.—Cotton firmer but not quotably higher and more active; sales 10,000 bales. Tallow 40s. Bacon declining at 52s 6d. Naval stores quiet.

HAVRE, October 12.—Cotton 136.

THE CITY.

DAVIS THEATRE.—The Skiff & Gaylord Minstrels hold forth for the first time in Atlanta, to-night, at Davis Theatre. They come here preceded by a brilliant reputation—one which was not made in a day. Says the New Orleans Picayune: "They have risen slowly and surely above the horizon of minstrelsy, and to-day, after a journey—so to speak—of ten years up the steep acclivity of their profession, occupy an elevated and enviable position.

The wonderful contortions of Master Willie Gaylord, who is a first-class show himself, his twisting and twining, and particularly his drawing himself through a ring not much larger than a good sized keyhole, are, we understand, absolutely astonishing. The laughable burlesque of the "JAY-OR-KEEZE" forms an interesting feature in the entertainment. It is said that Prof. Schaffer's beautiful opera defy description, and must be seen to be appreciated.

The bill offered this evening is varied and attractive.

SUPERIOR COURT—*Judge Pope Presiding.*—The Court was engaged this morning in organizing a Grand and other Juries for the present week.

His Honor delivered a lengthy but practical charge to the Grand Jury, in which he entered into a minute statement of the important duties devolving upon that body, and explained those duties more particularly as applied to the county of Fulton. He called their special attention to the sections of the Code bearing upon their work.

The order of business will be, first, criminal cases, and second, the appeal docket, when criminal matter is not ready.

His Honor announced that when their cases are called, subpoenaed witnesses must be present at their peril. We are pleased to observe that the most admirable order is preserved during the sessions of the Court.

REV. J. D. BURNHEAM, of Athens, Ga., will preach in the Atlanta Presbyterian Church (O. S.) this, Monday, night, at 7½ o'clock. The public are invited to attend.

JOY GO WITH HIM.—Governor Bullock, we understand, leaves for New York to-morrow morning, with a view to effect a loan for the benefit of the State of Georgia.

The Daily Constitution.

DAILY CIRCULATION OVER 3,000!

THE CONSTITUTION
—HAS THE—
LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION
Of any paper published at this point, and several hundred
MORE THAN ANY TWO.

MORNING EDITION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, OCTOBER 13.

National Democratic Nominations.

FOR PRESIDENT,
HORATIO SEYMOUR, of N. Y.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
FRANCIS P. BLAIR, of Missouri.

STATE ELECTORAL TICKET.
FOR THE STATE AT LARGE:
GEN. JOHN B. GORDON, of Fulton.
HON. JOHN T. CLARKE, of Randolph.
ALTERNATES:
GEN. W. T. WOFFORD, of Bartow,
T. M. NORWOOD, of Chatham.
FOR THE DISTRICTS:
HON. JOHN C. NICHOLLS, of Pierce.
2. COL. CHARLES T. GOODE, of Sumter.
3. R. J. MOSES, of Muscogee.
4. A. O. BACON, of Bibb.
5. MAJ. J. B. CUMMING, of Richmond.
6. H. P. BELL, of Forsyth.
7. COL. JAMES D. WADDELL, of Cobb.
ALTERNATES:
1. J. H. HUNTER, of Brooks.
2. WILLIAM G. FLEMING, of Decatur.
3. W. O. TUGGLE, of Troup.
4. DR. HENRY WIMBERLY, of Twiggs.
5. GEN. D. M. DUBOSE, of Wilkes.
6. GARRETT McMILLAN, of Habersham.
J. J. TURNBULL.
7. COL. V. A. GASKILL, of Fulton.

For Congress, Seventh District,
GEN. P. M. B. YOUNG,
OF BARTOW COUNTY.

Democratic Nominations
FOR CONGRESS.
1. A. H. HANSELL, of Thomas.
2. NELSON TIFT, of Dougherty.
3. HUGH BUCHANAN, of Coweta
4. THOS. G. LAWSON, of Putnam.
6. WEIR BOYD, of Lumpkin.
7. P. M. B. YOUNG, of Bartow.

EXPLANATORY.—Our subscribers who complained of no paper Saturday evening and Sunday morning, will find explanation in this issue.

TO-DAY.—Democrats of Indiana, Ohio, Pennsylvania, are you ready to meet the issues of the day? Are your columns drawn in unbroken line, waiting to charge upon the enemy? Are you prepared to rebuke usurpers and tyrants, miscreants and defrauders—all that is mean, with such an emphasis as will thrill the nation with joy? Its very life, may be, depends upon your action to-day. We pause for your reply.

STATE ELECTIONS TO-DAY.—Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Nebraska, are the only States in which elections occur to-day. In any other year, Iowa would vote on the same day. In this she votes on the day of the Presidential election.

OUR CANDIDATE FOR CONGRESS.—In another column will be found the manly and patriotic letter of Gen. P. M. B. Young, accepting the position of standard bearer for the Democracy of the 7th Distric in the canvass for Congress.

Though the election is a long way off it behooves our friends to be active and vigilant. We have a wily, crooked and unprincipled foe to contend with, and if there is any relaxation or wavering in our lines, he will be sure to take advantage of it.

Gen. Young was the unanimous choice of the Convention, and we hope every true Democrat and Conservative in the District will rally to his support, and stand by him in the last ditch. High-toned, chivalric, honorable, courteous and true to his cause, the Democracy will sustain him with confidence in his integrity, and the consciousness that, come weal or come woe, he will hold their honor sacred, and surrender it only amid the ruins of the temple of their liberties.

RECONSTRUCTION NO. 2 IN GEORGIA.—The people of Georgia had as well prepare to engage in the second farce of reconstruction. The first has been played, and by the judgement of its own actors is pronounced a failure. The North has been made to believe that the election of Seymour and Blair would unfold anew the reconstruction programme, thereby reviving the agitation of all the questions incident thereto afresh. The Radical organs have labored to convince the silly members of their party that Democratic success meant nothing short of revolution, in view of its attitude upon this question. But it is becoming more and more apparent every day that the Radicals are dissatisfied with their own work, and that they intend, should they succeed in the Presidential election, to start out in a bran new scheme. Meade's manifesto points unmistakably in that direction. In the absence of a session of Congress, and a new programme of Congressional reconstruction, as chalked out by that body, we presume he derives the extraordinary powers which he is exercising, from that Junta known as Congressional Executive Committee. If it has the power to call an extra session, why not a step further and instruct a satrap what to do in the "present anomalous condition of affairs?" We know of no other source of power from whence could have been derived the astounding authority as promulgated in order No. 27. The civil government is virtually set aside, and to-day we are as much under military rule, according to the hybrid system of Bullock and Meade, as we were before the inauguration of the present State Government.

We believe this movement has been made with a view to the rejection of the vote of Georgia in the Presidential count. It will be very easy to supply a military plea to that end. We shall see.

☞ The President finds it incumbent upon him to issue a military order condemnatory of the infamous proclamation of Gen. Reynolds, prohibiting any election to be held in Texas.

Will he not take cognizance of the equally infamous order of Meade in this State? If Meade considers our laws as so many "techniaclities," to be set aside at the will of a despot, the President takes no technical view of the Constitution.

Material Progress.

The last half century has witnessed more developments in the arts pertaining to material prosperity, than hundreds of preceding years. The science of every-day life has been reduced to the highest practical perfection, and the means most conducive to physical want with calculating precision, made subservient to some end. The old, slow-coach systems have been done away with, and their day superceded by one of lightning velocity in the mechanic arts, steam navigation, railroad speed, and electric communication. The wheels of progress have been greased by the oil of invention, the mechanism of mind imparted to matter, and an impetus given to enterprise in fields scarcely explored before. Different continents are linked together by a chain of daily communication, so that a thought uttered at morning in the East, in the evening flashes across the boundless regions of the West. The school-boy of to-day stands upon a busy stage, where new and ever unfolding wonders serve but to astonish the passing hour, whilst the old man scarcely realizes that this is the same world into which he was born.

But it may be asked in our rapid advances whether we do not lose sight of the more essential features of civilization. It is questionable whether we are not withholding from our attainments in the practical, that ideal finish which is as necessary to their perfection as the reflected tints of sunset to the beauty of the golden cloud. It matters not how well finished the instrument may be, unless it gives out the soul of music to bind us with its spell. The costliest temples built of the most substantial material, to produce an æsthetic effect, should display the gilded dome, a finishing touch to the exterior, an inner structure pointed by taste to a poetical effect, by those ornaments which please the mind and direct beyond the mere enjoyments of bodily sense. There is no reason why we should not poise between real and ideal extremes. They are alike objectionable in excess. If we would reach a higher and more enduring civilization than any yet attained, we should light the car of progress with an astral lamp through the meandering vallies of the night, lest its speed be checked by disaster in the dark. An excess of meterialism marked the turning point in the receding civilizations of the past. With no abatement in steam, nor the lightning speed of thought, as we minister to physical demands, let us not lose sight of the more important requirements of the mind.

MAINE—THE RADICALS LOSE 10,000.—At last, says the Albany Argus, the truth about the Maine election begins to come out. All over the country the Radical press has been shouting over "23,000 to 25,000 majority." The telegrams sent to the Associated Press on the morning after the election, and for a fortnight afterwards, were thoroughly false. The object was to revive the sinking heart of the Radical party throughout the country, and particularly in Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana. It now appears that, even without counting the thirty-seven counties in Aroostook country—which, being largely Democratic, are, on some pretext of irregularity, thrown out—even then the Republican majority of 28,000 in the last contested election falls to 18,000.

The Eastern Argus (Portland) of October 3, says:

Returns from all the towns and plantations in the State where votes were counted last year give the following result:

Pillsbury - - - - - -	57.049
Chamberlain - - - - -	74.823
Radical majority - - - -	17.774

This majority will be still further decreased by returns to come in, and it will be very near where we have heretofore placed it, 18,000.

☞ New England Radical blood-greenbacks will flow freely in Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana to-day. To-morrow their Puritan races will type the loss of their only love.

JOHN QUINCY ADAMS.—*Address at Salisbury, N. C.—The Desire of the South for Peace.*—SALISBURY, N. C., October 8.—John Quincy Adams, of Massachusetts, addressed five thousand people here to-day. Among other things, he said the disposition of the North was kindly toward the South, but they demanded the concession on our part of all the legitimate results of the war. He then asked Col. Cowan and Governor Vance, who were on the stand, to state explicitly if their people accepted in good faith: First, the abolition of slavery forever; second, the overthrow of the doctrine of secession; third, the settlement and kindly welcome of Northern people here; fourth, the guaranteeing of all his just rights to the negro and the cultivation of friendly relations with him by the whites. The questions were answered emphatically in the affirmative by those gentlemen, and ratified by the entire audience, to whom the vote was put on each question. Great harmony and enthusiasm prevailed. All the people expressed astonishment on hearing from Mr. Adams the amount of misunderstanding which exists in the Northern mind in regard to the real purposes and intentions of the Southern people.—*New York World's Special.*

INFAMOUS ADVICE.—That notorious and infamous specimen of the genus carpet-bagger, Bryant, from Skowhegan, was present at the recent negro convention held in this city. It was given out that only negroes were to participate in its deliberations, but we suppose Bryant's being considered as good as a negro, gained him admittance. Being admitted, of course he spoke. The matter of his speech may be judged of from one or two expressions used, and certain advice given. Said he, in speaking of Democrats: "I tell you not to consider, or treat any man, white or black, who is a Democrat, as a gentleman; and if any of the white livered scoundrels come whining around you on election day with suggestions or advice as to how you should vote, knock their teeth down their throats."

And yet this is not a country of free speech for such and worse villains! The people of the North this day believe that a Radical cannot open his lips in any Southern town or city without danger of his life. It should be so for such men as this miserable incendiary, but fortunately for them it is not.—*Journal and Messenger.*

For the Constitution.
My Tryst.

With only one promise I came—
A promise surely could keep,
And one only pledge that was made me,
When out on the mystical deep
The barque of my being in tempest and strife
Was launched as a waif on the river of life.

And there was the old-fashioned cradle,
And there the pure vesture of white—
Sweet symbols of hope, as the rain-bow
That circles the cloud with its light;
But who could foresee that the innocent breath
Was not soon to be reft by the Angel of Death?

Not yet! For the bright little stranger
Had smiled in its young mother's face:
Not Yet! For the waters baptismal
Had sealed it a child of His grace,
And that mother had prayed to the Father above
To spare to her bosom the gem of its love.

No yet! For the maid in her beauty
Were the orange-wreath of the bride,
For the gentle wife gazed with fondness
On the manly form at her side,
While the Death-Angel stood in the distance away,
And his shadow was lost in the light of that day.

Not yet! Though a second bright cherub
On its mother's fond bosom could rest;
The barque of my being sailed onward
By the breezes of fortune caressed,
As we sped to the shore of the fathomless sea,
Where the place of my tryst must be waiting for me.

Death came, but he came for another,
Though methought the trysting was nigh,
When he gathered my beautiful boy
And bore him to regions on high—
Then my heart was a chaos of sorrow and pain,
And light, for a season, was lost to my brain.

But with night would come the Sleep-Angel,
And a calm gently steal o'er my breast,
As 'twere by the waters of Lethe:
So blissful, so peaceful the rest,
Whether veiled in clouds or a lining of light,
Was the sweet repose of the merciful Night.

Once more he came like a phantom,
And stood on my threshold so near
That the sound of his echoless foot-fall,
All breathless, I listened to hear;
But he passed, as he came, a spectre, from sight,
To mingle again in the bosom of night.

And still I am weary and waiting,
With never a doubt or a fear,
For I know by the feeling within me
He is coming to welcome me here.
Never waited a maiden for lover more true,
Nor trysting more welcome than this to my view;
Though Death bear my body from loved ones away,
We shall meet in the light of Eternity's day.

THE GRAND RALLY AT DALTON.—On Thursday next, 15th inst., the Democracy of the mountains meet in counsel at Dalton. Extensive preparations have been made, and an immense gathering is expected. Hon. Herschell V. Johnson has promised to be one of the speakers, and we may safely predict that thousands will go to hear him.

☞ Ohio, the most doubtful of the three great States voting to-day, is claimed by our friends at Columbus, the capital of the State, by from 8 to 10 thousand majority.

SPAIN.
Brief Sketch of the New Government.

[From the Philadelphia Press.]

Joaquin Baldemero Espartero, son of a cartwright in La Mancha, created Duque de la Victoria in 1839, as a reward for having finally expelled Don Carlos from Spain, became Regent of that country in October, 1840, (confirmed by the Cortes in May, 1841); was deposed and exiled in June 1843; was recalled in December, 1847, and created a Senator; was head of the government from July, 1854, to July, 1856; resigned his seat in the Senate in 1857; has not since taken any active part in politics, but now, so strong is the public conviction of his thorough earnestness as a liberal constitutionalist, has again been called to the office of Regent of Spain. He is 76 years old, and though an honest can scarcely be considered an astute politician. But his reputation for probity as a publicist is so high that his name is as a tower of strength for the new *ad interim* government of Spain.

Marshal Serrano, the new Prime Minister, is the reputed father of the Queen of Spain's eldest son. He is now nearly seventy, and took part in the deposition of Espartero in 1843. He is shifting and uncertain in his politics, having alternately sided with and opposed Narvaez, O'Donnell, and Espartero; has held many high offices, including the embassy to Paris, and in June, 1865, was made Captain-General of Madrid by Narvaez. Queen Isabella created him Duke de la Torre, and he was one of the first to join the revolt against her.

General Prim, the new War Minister, is fifty-eight years old; distinguished himself on the royal side in the Carlist war; was hostile to the first regency of Espartero; fought with the Ottoman army during the Crimean war; distinguished himself in the war against Morocco in 1859-60; held chief command in the Spanish expedition in Mexico in 1861, but distrusting Napoleon's motives, soon withdrew his troops; made unsuccessful attempts to raise an insurrection in Spain in 1866 and 1867, and has a strong antipathy to Isabella II. In 1843, on the fall of Espartero, he was created Count de Reus by the Queen Dowager, and, for his services in Morocco, was made Marquis of Castellejos and Grandee of Spain in 1861. He has the character of an honest man and patriotic soldier.

Ramon Topete y Carballo, Minister of Marine, is a captain in the navy, who was head of a minor branch of that department under the Narvaez government. Manuel Aquirre, Minister of Justice, was a director of Colonial Office under the Miraflores government in 1863-4. Concerning the other three members of the new government (respectively holding the portfolios of commerce, finance, and foreign affairs,) we have no information as yet.

It may be taken for granted that the new arrangements are only temporary. The future form and the future head of the Spanish government will have to be resolved on and probably chosen by the Cortes. Ex-Queen Isabella has issued a protest—just as a condemned criminal has a new trial moved for, knowing that it cannot be granted. It is probable that she went to San Sebastian, which is within a dozen miles of the French frontier, with an apprehension of the approaching revolt and a desire to effect an easy exit from Spain. This is strengthened by the statement that she had taken with her into France an immense quantity of gold and silver plate, and 25,000,000 reals in cash, equivalent to $1,150,000, which is somewhat under what she and her family cost Spain every six months. Besides that, the ex-Queen has private property securely invested in English consols and French *rentes* to an immense amount. Now that she has been deposed, no member of the Bourbon family holds sovereign power in Spain. Isabella, curiously enough, was eighth in descent from Henry IV. of France, by the mother's as well as by the father's side.

DEATH OF MR. FRANK S. BURR.—With sadness, we record the casualty that caused the death of our esteemed fellow-citizen, F. S. Burr. Last Saturday night, while hunting with a younger brother, he felled a tree, which lodged against another, whereby a branch was torn from the body of the felled tree, and falling on him, caused his death almost instantaneously.

Mr. Burr was well known in this community, where he was raised, and was highly esteemed by all who knew him, for his industry, intelligence, uprightness and honesty. He was one of the few, in these degenerate days, who might be safely trusted under any circumstances. He was just entering life, being only twenty-three years old, and was a printer by trade; but, at the time of his death, was cultivating a farm three or four miles from our town. We are informed that he leaves a wife and one child, whose bereavement excites the sympathy of our whole community.—*Griffin Star.*

BY TELEGRAPH.
ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES
FROM WASHINGTON

Important Order from the President.

The United States Recognizes the Government at Madrid.

West Virginia Asks for Troops.

Alabama to Elect Electors.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY, Adjutant General's Office, WASHINGTON, Oct. 10th, 1868.
General Order, No. 82.]

The following provisions from the Constitution and Laws of the United States, in relation to the election of President and Vice President of the United States, together with an Act of Congress prohibiting all persons engaged in the military or naval service from interferring in any general or special election in any State, are published for the information and government of all concerned:

The following are the authorities quoted:

Article 4 of section 1, of the Constitution; article 12 of amendments to the Constitution; act of Congress relative to the election of President and Vice President, approved March 1, 1792; an act to establish a uniform time for the election of Presidential electors, approved January 28, 1845; an act compensating persons appointed as electors, approved February 11, 1825.

The order concludes: "An act to prevent officers of the army and navy, and other persons employed in the military and naval service of the United States, from interfering in elections in States:

"Be it enacted, that it shall not be lawful for any military or naval officer of the United States, or other person engaged in the civil, military or naval service of the United States to order, bring, keep or have under his authority or control any troops or armed men at any place where any general or special election is held in any State of the United States, unless it shall be necessary to repel armed enemies of the United States, or to keep peace at the polls; and that it shall not be lawful for any officer of the army or navy of the United States to prescribe or fix, or attempt to prescribe or fix by proclamation, order or otherwise, qualifications of voters in any of the United States, or in any manner to interfere with the freedom of any election in any State, or with the exercise of the free right of suffrage in any of the United States Any officer of the army or navy of the United States, or other person engaged in the civil, military or naval service of the United States who violates this condition shall for every such offense be liable to indictment for misdemeanor in any Court of the United States having jurisdiction to hear, try or determine cases of misdemeanor; and on conviction shall pay a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars, and suffer imprisonment in the penitentiary not less than three months nor more than five years, at the discretion of the Court trying the same; and any person convicted as aforesaid shall moreover be disqualified from holding any office of honor, profit, or trust under the Government of the United States,—Provided that nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to prevent any officers, soldiers, sailors, or marines from exercising the right of suffrage in any election district to which he may belong, if otherwise qualified according to the laws of the State in which he shall offer to vote.

"Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, that any officer or person in the military or naval service of the United States who shall order or advise or who shall directly or indirectly, by force, threat, menace, intimidation or otherwise, prevent or attempt to prevent, any qualified voter of any State of the United States from freely exercising the right of suffrage at any general or special election, in any State of the United States, or who shall in like manner compel or attempt to compel any officer of an election, in any such State, to receive a vote from a person not legally qualified to vote, or who shall impose or attempt to impose any rules or regulations for conducting such election different from those prescribed by law, or interfere in any manner with any officers of said election in the discharge of his duties, shall for any such offense, be liable to indictment for misdemeanor in any court of the United States having jurisdiction to hear, try and determine cases of misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall pay a fine of not exceeding five thousand dollars, and suffer imprisonment in the penitentiary not exceeding five years, at the discretion of the court trying the same; and any person convicted as aforesaid, shall moreover be disqualified from holding any office of honor, profit or trust under the Government of the United States.

"Approved February 25, 1865."

By command of Gen. Grant,
E. D. TOWNSEND, A. A. G.

In a telegram of the 4th instant Mr. Hale applied for instructions in view of the political situation at Madrid Instructions were given through the same medium, on the 5th. Mr. Hale now telegraphs that, in compliance with the instructions, he has recognized the new government at Madrid. His proceeding has been confirmed.

General Thomas is here and has called on the President and Schofield,

It is understood that the Dyer investigation has been postponed.

General Thomas returns to his command at once

Governor Boreman, of West Virginia, is here. He wants troops for the election, and thinks that the moral effect of a few companies will answer his purpose.

In noticing the President's order of to-day, the Star says:

"In Republican quarters it seems to be apprehended that, in those unrepresented States, the Conventions will now make arrangements to choose Presidential Electors, and that President Johnson will demand that their votes be counted

MONTGOMERY, October 12.—Governor Smith has issued a proclamation for an election in this State for President, on the 3d of November. The proclamation is issued in accordance with the election law passed by the Legislature. Under that law there is to be no other election in this State before 1870—at that time members of Congress, State officers, Legislators, etc., are to be elected. The present incumbents hold over until that time.

Registration commenced this morning in this city. The negroes largely out number the whites.

PHILADELPHIA, October 12.—Business is almost entirely suspended. Each party is parading with bands of music, urging their friends to vote early. The Mayor, who is a Republican, has sworn in three hundred extra policemen for to-morrow.—The Sheriff, who is a Democrat, has sworn in 1,000 deputies. A week ago the Sheriff ordered 1,000 hickory clubs for his deputies. The house where the clubs were stored was burned last night.

MADRID, October 12.—The United States was the first to recognize the provisional Junta. The Junta declared additional reforms, among which is the abolishment of the death penalty, sanctity of private letters and domicils. The Junta ordered the restoration of the bark Tornado, to England, with damages for her wrongful detention, and imprisonment of the Spanish officer who ordered her seisure.

PARIS, October 12.—The Journal des Debats says Lersundi, Captain General of Cuba, has given in his adherence to the provisional government.

Cubans in Spain are to be permitted to choose two members of the Junta.

LONDON, October 12.—The cable known as the 1866 was repaired Sunday, and is now working perfectly.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW ORLEANS, October 12—Cotton active and advanced; middlings 24¼; sales 8,100 bales; receipts 1,987 bales. Sterling 1 48a1 50. Sugar steady and unchanged with fair jobbing trade. Flour—superfine firm at 6 75; choice 10 00a12 50. Corn quiet at 1 00a1 10 Oats quiet at 62a63. Bran held at 1 25. Hay, prime scarce, in demand at 25 00a26 00. Mess pork advanced, 31 75a32 00. Bacon quiet; shoulders 13¼; clear sides 17¼. Lard quiet—tierce 19¾; keg 21¼.

MOBILE, October 13.—Cotton market quiet; middlings 24; sales 400 bales; receipts 1,834 bales; exports 30 bales.

SAVANNAH, October 12.—Cotton opened quiet but firm and closed steady; middlings 23; sales 475 bales; receipts 1,522 bales.

AUGUSTA, October 12.—Market closed firmer; middlings 24; sales 282 bales; receipts 538 bales. Heavy rain this evening.

CHARLESTON, October 12.—Cotton active and firmer but quiet; middlings 24; sales 712 bales; receipts 1,153 bales.

WILMINGTON, October 12.—Spirits of Turpentine firm at 40. Rosin dull. Tar steady at 2 30. Cotton in good demand; middlings 24.

NEW YORK, October 12.—Government securities closed strong. 1862 coupons 12¼. North Carolina sixes, new, 65. Virginia sixes 53¼; new 54¼. Money easy. Sterling quite firm at 9¼. Gold 1 37¼. Cotton, quiet and steady at 25¼. Flour favors buyers. Wheat heavy. Corn drooping—mixed Western 1 19a1 20. Lard dull. Turpentine 43a44. Rosin 2 50a2 65. Freights more active; on grain and cotton unchanged.

BALTIMORE, October 12.—Cotton firm. Flour less active; Howard Street superfine 8 00a8 25; Wheat firm for high grades; prime dry red 2 60a2 75; interior 1 90a2 10. Corn—prime white 1 25a1 30; yellow 1 30. Oats firm; prime 80. Rye firm. Provisions firm. Virginias, old inscribed, 57¼ asked; 1866s, 49¼ asked, 50 bid; 1867s, 47 bid, 48 asked; coupons 54¼ asked, 56 bid. South Carolina sixes, new, 65 bid. North Carolina sixes, old, 66 bid.

LOUISVILLE, October 12.—Corn 98a1 00, new 50a60. Mess pork 30 50. Lard 19¼. Bacon shoulders 13¼; clear sides 17¼. Raw whisky 1 30.

CHIEF JUSTICE CHASE.—We are advised that either editorial articles of the Jacobin press, or letters of Washington correspondents therein, stating that Chief Justice Chase endorses Grant or Radicalism, or their prospects, are utterly unfounded. But we hear that Mr. Chase does speak of the excesses of the Radical Congress which have driven thousands of men from the Republican ranks. Why should he not, when it was but a day ago that he was the target of unmeasured invective by Radical partizan journals, which attributed to him disparagement of General Grant, and which threatened impeachment of him for a just discharge of the duties of his high office. We suppose that Mr. Chase, like tens of thousands of the best of Republicans of the old stamp in the land, feel as did Mr. Webster when he spoke of a nomination as one "not fit to be made."

We learn that he regards Mr. Seymour as an honest man, and as one who, if raised to the Presidency will discharge its duties in consistence with the Constitution.—*National Intelligencer.*

New Advertisements.

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.
EAST END PROPERTY.

I WILL sell on the premises, TO-DAY, the 13th instant, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon,

Four Unimproved Half Acre Lots,

Beautifully situated on the corner of Harris and Jackson streets, adjoining Col. Geo. S. Thomas. The lots are on that High Hill which encircles all the Eastern portion of the city, and which commands such a magnificent view of the same.
Terms cash.
G. W. ADAIR,
Real Estate and Life and Fire Insurance Agent,
Office: No. 5 Railroad Block,
oct13-d1t Opposite National Hotel.

A PAIR
—OF—
BOOTS
—FOR—
EVERY MAN IN TOWN,
—AT—
I. T. BANKS'
SHOE & LEATHER STORE,
RAWSON'S BUILDING,
Cor. Whitehall and Hunter Streets.
oct13—

Official Letter List.

LETTERS REMAINING UNCLAIMED IN the POST OFFICE at ATLANTA, State of Georgia, October 13th 1868.
If not called for in thirty days they will be sent to the Dead Letter office.

LADIES' LIST.

A—Mrs Lucy Atkins, mrs Catherine Alexander.
B—Mrs Rosa Brown, mrs N A Boyd, mrs E C Butler, mrs Drudemma Baker, miss Kate A Burke, miss S M Bancroft.
C—Mrs R D Chancey, mrs S B Colquitt, mrs N E Crocker, mrs Rebecca Corbitt, Josy Collins miss Josephine Catchings, miss Nellie Candler, mrs D F Coggin.
D—Fannie Dyce, mrs H R S Duck.
E—T N Epperson.
F—Miss Carrie Fulton, Susan Fombie.
G—Mrs Amelia Gant, Victoria Gunby, C N Garrett, 2, Mary A Garrett, mrs Matilda Gregg.
H—Mrs L Haane, Adeline Hartridge, A N Hansom, Amanda Howard, mrs C P Herring.
J—Emma Jackson, Sue A Jones, miss E D Johnson, Amanda Jones
L—Mrs Mary J Lamar, miss E J Leathers, M L Lane.
M—Mrs C C McGehee, Lotta McDonald
N—Mrs Mary E Newton.
O—Lou Owen, colored.
P—Eliza Pittman, colored, E M Pruett, mrs S A Pittard.
R—Mrs N S Robinson, Lizzie Roberts
S—Miss E C Smith, miss Adeline Smith, Amanda Simms, colored, miss Virginia Shelton, Emma Sherrar, mrs C W Sawyer, Betsey Snipes, miss C R Stewart.
T—Mrs Francis Turner.
W—Fannie Wray, Josephine Webb.

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

A—M Allen, Eugena Alexander, Geo W D Allen, M Amburst.
B—Mr Bacon, A F Burnett & Co, 2, N Bowman, B F Bigalow, Charley Berry, Richard Bantzmann, George Brown, S D Blanchet, S J Barnes, G W Bowen, Jacob Baker, J Burtz, Jas C Brown, Jas M Bryan, J W Byers, Woodbridge Bodwell.
C—M W Cushman, 2, Jno M Cole, M C Church, B O Crawford, Charlie Cunningham, Captain Clarke, Charles Cooper, E M Cobb, G W Chandler, J F Collier, T Chambers, J W Campbell, Jno R Cox, J Conway, Jas P Carr.
D—Clarence Day, O H Davis, T L Dougherty, H R S Duck, Wm Dohme, Dr Dixon.
E—Capt T D Echols, A M Furguson, Tom Foster, Howard Fain, Henry Farley.
G—Dr A W Greenleaf, Aha Gibbs, Perry Graham, colored, Richard Grisham, Glenn, Shaddon & Co, T B Griffin, Joe Gilbert, James Gaddy, W W Griger.
H—N J Houston, C B Hill, Chas Hunt, B T Howard, Frank Hagan, Hugh Henderson, J M Harris, John Holcombe, J N Harris, Jas Harris, W B Hobb, W L Harris, L w Harris, L G Hodge.
J—J R Johnson, Seaborn Jones, S B Jones, Henry Jones, W H Jennings, Duncan Jordan.
K—J Keel, colored.
L—J F Lamar, E B Lawrence, Henry Levy, Wm Lovejoy, colored, W S Little, W C Livingston, J D Laroche.
M—A A Miller, John Mangum, Charley Mickey, E A McLaughlin, R W McCown, Taylor Murphy, J D McCabe, Jas Moore, Jno Maggom, Joseph Miller, W C Morton, Dr W S Miller, R H Morris.
N—T A Norton, Thos M Norwood, 2, Jas M Nelson, J W Nash, W W Neal, W B Newman.
O—J H Osborn.
P—Pease & Roiley, C D P Perkins, E A Parker, Samuel Peoples, Jas Pope, Jno Payne, J R Pettis, Jas B Park, Jas P Phillips, J P Perkerson, J D Palmer, Patton & Parker.
R—G P Rogers, N H Rice, H M Rogers, W C Rossaw.
S—Anthony Smith, A P Smith, A Shotwell, C Shields, Chas Shorcey, Phil Shepperd, Fred Stockslick, Francis Scott, colored, J B Sprayberry, J B Sorrell, J B Scriven, J T Spriggs, Jas N Scott, Wm Snell, W F Smith.
T—J L Tidwell, Jas Trils, W T Trammell, M R Tuttle, A Taylor.
U—Geo Usher.
V—A W Van Loan.
W—S M Willis, R W White, Robt Williams, Dawson Walker, 2, Abner Welborn, Wm Watson, Dr Moses Wilkes, M S Whalen, B Wolf, 2 Thos Ware, H S Wilson, 2, T W Walker, J W Wright, Thos Wood, J Y Wells, John Wright, Jas Warner, J J Williams, Jas Watson, Jas C Wallace, W J Walker.
oct13—d1t THOS. G. SIMMS, P. M.

[OFFICIAL.]
PROCLAMATION.
By the Governor.

Whereas, notwithstanding the Executive Proclamation of September 14, 1868, many lawless acts have occurred in violation thereof, whereby the lives and property of citizens have been destroyed, the right of free speech impaired, the performance of the duties of the offices to which citizens have been elected, denied the lives of citizens so threatened as to cause them to abandon their homes and property:

And Whereas, "The protection of persons and property is the paramount duty of Government, and shall be impartial and complete;"

And Whereas, The Sheriff of each county is, by law, charged with the preservation of life, property and peace, in each county;

Now, therefore, I, Rufus B. Bullock, Governor, and Commander-in-Chief of the army and navy of the State of Georgia, and of the militia thereof, do hereby issue this, my proclamation, charging and commanding the said Sheriffs, and each and every other civil officer in every county in this State, to see to it that the lives and property of all citizens, and the peace of the community, are preserved; and that all persons are protected in the free exercise of their civil and political rights and privileges. And, further, to make known that for failure in performance of duty, the said Sheriffs and other civil officers will be held to a strict accountability, under the law. And, to charge upon every person, resident in this State, that they render prompt and willing obedience to said Sheriffs and other civil officers, *under all circumstances whatsoever;* and that they demand from said officers, protection, when threatened or disturbed, in their person or property, or with denial of political or civil rights; and, that failing to receive such protection, they report facts to this department.

The following extract from General Orders No. 27, dated October 8, 1868, from Headquarters Department of the South, is published for the information of the civil officers and the general public, by which it will be seen that said civil officers will, in the performance of their duties, be sustained by the military power of the United States.

Given under my hand, and the Great Seal of the State, at the Capitol, in the city of Atlanta, this 9th day of October, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, and of the Independence of the United states the ninety-third.
RUFUS B. BULLOCK.
By the Governor: Governor.
DAVID G. COTTING, Secretary of State.

"HEADQ'ERS, DEPARTMENT OF THE SOUTH, Atlanta, Ga., October 8, 1868.
General Orders No. 27.]

"Whereas, by an act of Congress of the United States, approved March 2d, 1865 it is made the duty of the military authorities to preserve the peace at the polls at any election that may be held in any of the States; and whereas, this duty has become the more imperative, from the existing political excitement in the public mind, from the recent organization of civil government, and from the fact that Congress has, by a statute, prohibited the organization of military forces in the several States of this Department, it is therefore ordered:

"That the several Districts commanders will, as soon as practicable, on the receipt of this order, distribute the troops under their commands as follows:

* * * * * * * * *

In the District of Georgia:
One company 16th Infantry, to Albany.
One company 16th Infantry, to Columbus.
One company 16th Infantry, to Macon.
One company 16th Infantry, to Augusta
One company 16th Infantry, to Washington, (Wilkes county.)
One company 16th Infantry, to Americus.
One company 16th Infantry, to Thomasville.
One company (-), 5th Cavalry, to Athens.

The company at Savannah to be reinforced should occasion require by such number of the men at Fort Pulaski as can be spared from the post.

* * * * * * * * *

"Detachments, when necesary, may be made to points in the vicinity of each post; but in no case, nor on any pretext whatever, will detachments be sent without a commissioned officer, who will be fully instructed by his post commander.

"The troops will be considered as in the field and supplied with the necessary camp equippage; the men to be furnished with common tents if practicable, and if not practicable, with shelter tents. Commanding officers are permitted to hire quarters, temporarily, when it can be done for reasonable rates; but this will not preclude the necessity of carrying tents, as the commands, in all cases, must be in readiness to move at the shortest notice, with all supplies required for their efficiency.

"District Commanders will instruct Post Commanders in their duties, and the relative position of the civil and military powers They will impress on Post Commanders that they are to act in aid and co-operation, and in subordination to the civil authorities, that they are to exercise discretion and judgment, unbiased by political or other prejudices; that their object should be exclusively to preserve the peace and uphold law and order, and they must be satisfied such is the object of the civil officer calling on them for aid; that they must in all cases where time will permit, apply for instruction to superior authority, but they must at all hazards preserve the peace, and not be restrained by technical points, when, in their conscientious judgment, under the rules above set forth, it is their duty to act. Post Commanders, on being notified of the proposed holding of political meeting, may send an officer, and if necessary a detachment, to watch the proceedings and see that the peace is preserved.

"To the people of the several States composing the Department, the Major General Commanding appeals that they will co operate with him and the civil authorities in sustaining law and order, in preserving the peace and in avoiding those scenes of riot and bloodshed, and the wanton destruction of property and life, which has already, in some instances, been enacted in the Department. He urges abstinence from all inflammatory and incendiary appeals to the passions; discountenancing the keeping open of liquor shops on days of political meetings and of elections; the abstaining from carrying arms, and asserting the individual right of construing laws by force of arms. No just cause is ever advanced by resort to violence. Let there be charity and forbearance among political opponents, whatever may be the result; let each good citizen determine that all who, under the law, have the right to the ballot shall exercise it undisturbed. If there are disputed points of law, let them be referred to the Courts, and let not mobs or political clubs, or other irresponsible bodies, construe and undertake to execute the law. This appeal is made in the earnest hope that the Major General Commanding can rely on the good sense and correct judgment of the mass of the people, and that he will not be compelled to resort to the exercise of the power with which he is intrusted, and which he will most reluctantly employ. But he thinks it his duty to make known, that so far as the power under his command will admit, he will not permit the peace to be broken, and that he will not be restrained in the conscientious discharge of his duty by technicalities of laws made when the present anomalous condition of affairs were neither anticipated or provided for."

By order of Major General Meade:
R. C. DRUM, A. A. G.

☞ All newspapers within the State of Georgia, will please insert daily and weekly until 3rd of November, proximo, and send bill to Executive Department, Atlanta. oct10-1awte

FULTON SUPERIOR COURT.
October Term, 1868—First Week.

FOR the benefit of the parties in Litigation I am instructed by His Honor, Judge John D. Pope, to give notice that the jury business of this, the first week's session of the Superior Court, will be entirely devoted to trying the criminals now in jail and the cases on the appeal docket.
oct9 d1f W. R. VENABLE, Clerk.

TWO GOOD ROOMS AND BOARD.

BY early application two comfortable Rooms with good carpets, bureaus, gas, and well furnished in every particular, may be obtained together with board.
Residence on one of the most desirable streets in the City, within three minutes walk of the Passenger Depot
Enquire at this office. oct13

DR. B. D. REEVES
Offers his professional services to the citizens of Atlanta and vicinity.
Office up stairs, over Uncle Billy Hill's Auction room. oct1d1m*

Grass and Clover Seeds.
IN GREAT VARIETY. Also Reynolds' Chesapeake Guano. For sale by
oct24101 A. K. SEAGO.

DAVIS THEATRE.
Four Nights Only.
Commencing
Monday Evening, October 12th,
The Original
SKIFF & GAYLARD
Minstrels and Brass Band,
NOW on their tenth annual tour through the United States. The only company that has successfully performed eight years, traveling without any dissolution, cessation of any character whatever. This company now numbers Twenty distinguished performers, and are excelled by none of the present day. A Triple Clog Dance, by Sills, Phelps and Armstrong, the best ever traveling. Joe Maiss, the fascinating impersonator of female character. Andy McKee, the great Song and Dance man, and a host of others.
"The evening's entertainment will conclude with Prof. Schaffner's renowned productions of
PANITHIOPOTICONICA,
Pronounced by the press to be the greatest sensation of the age.
Doors open at 7½ o'clock. Performance to commence at 8 o'clock.
PRICES OF ADMISSION.
Orchestra Chairs
Parquette
Dress Circle
Family Circle
Gallery
Private Boxes
Box office open from 10 to 12 A. M. and from P. M., when seats may be secured without extra charge.
JOE MACK, Assistant Agent. JOE GAYLARD, General Agent.
oct8 d8t

EARNEST'S
JEWELRY STORE,
WHITEHALL STREET.
Markham's Building, Empire Block,
(Between Mitchell and Hunter Streets)
E. E. EARNEST
HAS JUST RECEIVED A FULL STOCK OF
FIRST CLASS JEWELRY,
Consisting of elegant DIAMONDS, GOLD and SILVER WATCHES of all grades. CLOCKS of every style, and an immense assortment of
FANCY JEWELRY
And Sterling Silver, and Silver Plated Ware.

HE would especially call the attention of the ladies to his superb and beautiful assortment of Etruscan Gold Sets set with Coral, Pearls, Garnets, &c., Ladies' Watches and Chains. All of which have just been opened, and are for sale at
NEW YORK PRICES.
HE is determined to keep the finest quality of JEWELRY, and is prepared to guarantee satisfaction, as well in style as in prices.
Thanking the public and his friends for past liberal favors, he respectfully submits his claims for continued patronage. oct10-d1m

HUGH MERCER, EDWARD C. ANDERSON, JR., Late Cashier Planters' Bank of Georgia.
MERCER & ANDERSON,
BANKERS
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
SAVANNAH, GA.
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO COTTON.
Liberal advances made on Consignments to sale, or Shipment to our friends in Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York or Liverpool.
Wishing to aid our Planter friends in their efforts to secure for themselves the full benefit of their Cotton Crops, we have determined to make advances on Cotton consigned to us on the following easy terms:
On Cotton for sale at discretion, advance seventy-five (75) per cent. of its market value, charging interest on the advance until the Cotton is sold at the rate of seven (7) per cent per annum.
On Cotton, to be held Thirty Days, advance fifty (50) per cent. of market value, charging the regular commission for advancing, 2½ per cent., and interest on the advance at the rate of seven (7) per cent. per annum.
On Cotton, to be held Sixty Days, fifty (50) per cent of its market value, charging commission for advancing 2½ per cent., and interest on the advance at the rate of one (1) per cent per month.
In all cases the advance will be based upon the market value of the Cotton on the day it reaches us.
oct10d3m MERCER & ANDERSON.

THE WAIT PLOUGH.
THE Firm of RUST, JOHNSON & CO., have just ordered two hundred and ten of these Ploughs from us for their own use. They say they think them the best ever made—that they think them perfection. We refer to many now using them in this State, and thousands who are using them in other States, for proof of their vast superiority and adaptability to every soil as a preparation and cultivating Plough for field and garden crops; and for being free from clogging and choking, and of easy draft and being strong and durable. Messrs. Glenn, Wright & Carr, and Mr. P. W. J. Echols, will keep them for sale in Atlanta. WATT & KNIGHT,
oct10-d1awlm Of Richmond, Va.

VIOLET INK,
VIOLET INK,
VIOLET INK,
VIOLET INK,
VIOLET INK.
KNAPP'S celebrated Violet Ink, for copying and writing. PHILLIPS & CREW, Agents.
oct9-d3t

KNICKERBOCKER
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Of New York.
ASSETS NOW REACH
$5,000,000
And Daily Increasing.
Southern Branch office 89 and 91, Bay street, Savannah, Georgia.
Where Policies are written and losses paid.
No other Life Insurance Company offers this advantage.
Look at the names of our Southern Board of Directors, to whom all questions concerning Southern risks are submitted, thus combining Northern capital with *Southern talent and sympathy:*
Savannah Directors.
HENRY BRIGHAM, President Merchants' National Bank.
E. A. SOULLARD, Shipping and Commission Merchant.
AARON WILBUR President Home Insurance Company, of Savannah.
H. A. CRANE, of Crane & Graybill, Merchants.
OCTAVUS COHEN, Merchant.
M. A. COHEN, Secretary Home Insurance Company.
FRED. M. HULL, of Holcombe & Co., Wholesale Grocers.
JOHN W. HOPKINS, of Andrew Low & Co., Cotton Merchants.
A. A. SOLOMONS, of A. A. Solomons & Co., Druggists.
Every advantage offered by any another Life Insurance Company may be obtained in the KNICKERBOCKER.
☞ This company kept all its obligations to its Southern patrons during the late war, and paid all its routine Losses sustained during the war.
Circulars containing information can be obtained, gratis, by application to the Savannah office or to any of the local agents.
oct3-d1w. AARON WILBUR, Manager.

HATS! HATS! HATS!
AT
J. M. HOLBROOK'S,
Whitehall Street.
A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT of Hats, Caps, Furs, etc., of the latest styles, just received. Members of the Legislature and all others are respectfully invited to call and supply themselves with the fall fashions, and for their wives and daughters sets of furs and other appliances to keep the cold away.

Chinchilla Cloakings,
OPERA and French Flannels, for sale cheap, at
sept27 2w CHAMBERLIN & BOYNTON'S.

[Da]ily Constitution.

[CIRCU]LATION OVER 3,000!

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, OCTOBER 13.

THE CITY.

[O]UR AGENTS. ... News Dealer, is our authorized ... Albany News, is our agent at ... Marietta, Ga. ... Preston, Ga. ... Hawkinsville, Ga. ... Hogansville, Ga. ... Barnesville, Ga. ... Newnan, Ga. ... Talbotton. ... P. Harrison, Dahlonega, Ga. ... & Co., New York and Philadel[phia] ... authorized to receive and receipt for ... and advertisements for THE CONSTI[TUTION] ... regular rates.

[Travel]ing Agents for the Constitution.

The following gentlemen are authorized to so[licit] ... and receive money for THE CONSTI[TUTION]: DAVID A. WALKER, Mr. JOHN T. ..., Mr. O. L. LINDSEY, Albany, ... ROBERT CRAWFORD, of Atlanta, Ga. ... BATTEY, of Atlanta. A. J. SCOTT, ... Atlantic and Gulf Railroad.

Y. M. D. C.

... to-morrow evening. Every mem[ber] is [requ]ired to be at the Hall at 7½ o'clock. ... no laggards. ... business to attend to. ... must be at their posts. By order of the President.

C. W. GODFREY, Secretary.

[B]UILDING LOTS.—This afternoon ... Col. Adair will sell four beautiful ... at the corner of Jackson and Harris ... adjoining Col. Geo. S. Thomas' property.

THE TRUSTEES recently incorporated as ... Atlanta Female College will meet for organi[zation] ... [Col]onel Morgan's office, No. 1 Railroad ... at ... P. M., TO-DAY. Let all be present as ... business will be transacted.

PROPHYLACTIC.—Winter will soon be ... therefore remember that if you desire to ... health you should keep "a cool head ... and dry." To accomplish this keep out ... and buy your boots at I. T. Banks' ... Leather Store, at the corner of White[hall and] ... streets.

[GOOD] ... —The best segar we ever smok[ed] ... by our friend LANGSTON, of the [firm of Lang]ston, Crane & Hammock, on last eve[ning].

[ONCE] AGAIN.—The health of the Pro[prietor of] the Georgia Saloon, Alabama street, ... our composing-room, last night, in ... of excellent beer, kindly furnished by ... for the use of THE CONSTITUTION.

[LIST] OF GRAND JURORS.—James W. ..., Foreman; B. Bush, Edward Parsons, ... Larkin M. Davis, J. H. Lee, Chas. ... Lewis S. Abbott, S. P. Richards, R. B. ... O'Halloran, Wm. F. Peck, S. B. Ken... M. Isom, S. B. Scudder, Elijah M. Dona... Motter, Wm. Holbrook, J. B. Jett, John ... Willis P. Lanier, Henry Irbey.

THE FAIR.—PRESENTATION OF THE PIANOS. ... only to announce the presenation ... Pianos, one to Miss Carrie Douglas and ... Miss Laura Harris, who won them in ... contest. These beautiful girls well de[serve] ... compliment, and their friends are, also, ... praise for their liberality. ... furnish a more extended notice in our ... edition.

[MOR]RIS & GAYLORD'S MINSTRELS.—There ... been no less than 1,200 persons present ... entertainment last night. The Minstrels ... fully sustain the reputation which had pre[ceded] them. The performances gave general sat[is]faction. The music was excellent and the danc[ing] ... just a little better than we ever saw before, ... kind. ... knowing exactly how the Views of Prof. ... are gotten up, it is impossible to describe ... say they are magnificent would not be ... mark. The effect produced by the transition from one ... to another, as if by magic, is most charm[ing].

[TRE]MENDOUS RADICAL DEMONSTRATION! ... Radical candidate for Congress ... District, appeared in the town of De... on Saturday last, according to previous no[tice] ... freely circulated and, at the ap[pointed] hour, proceeded to address Mr. Dobbins; ... individual, as we are informed, being the on[ly] ..., black, white or otherwise, present on the ... After a short discourse, whispered in the ear of ... Mr. D., a motion to adjourn was ... unanimously. It is further reported that, ... and Dobbins were leaving town togeth[er] ... had occasion to pass by a gang of negroes ... on the public road, where, sad to relate, ... gave the sloping gentlemen the benefit ... groans, which, we doubt not, still ring ... their ears.

[Loc]al and Business Notices.

[Ra]re and beautiful Engravings, Chromes ... Stereoscopic views may be seen at the Central ... and Music Store of Phillips & Crew.

L. B. DAVIS,
[Ha]rtford Live Stock Insurance Co.
L. B. DAVIS,
[Not]ary Public, Atlanta, Georgia,
L. B. DAVIS,
[Ins]urance Agent, Atlanta, Georgia.

The Art of Money-making—What a Sensible Man has to say About it.

In a recent lecture Prof. H. G. Eastman ... on the subject of advertising, that ... who had been most generous in their ... advertising, and thereby the most success[ful] ... in business, had been stigmatized as "humbugs." Was Barnum's Museum any ... less worthy after he successfully adver[tised] ... it? Was the any Ledger better before ... Bonner bought out one day's issue of the New York Herald than it was afterwards? ... A. T. Stewart's store any the less worthy of ... patronage, after paying $22,000 per ... for a man to advertise, when the pay[ment] of that $22,000 gave $100,000 in re[turn]? There is no such thing as "hum[bug]." A man is either a knave, charlatan, ... he can be classed among business ... men. The proper way to advertise was to ad[vertise] one thing at a time. As for instance ... sugar, SUGAR. People would have ... attention arrested by that one word, ... they would buy sugar. The result ... be that a large business would be ... established. But if people would advertise ... all they had to sell they would not succeed, ... their advertisement would not be ... This was so with everything. If you ... a dry goods merchant, silks or some ... article must be advertised, and that ... An excitement must be made and ... must follow. The merchants of Europe beat us adver[tising] ... They frequently spend $100,000 a year for advertisements. A. T. Stewart ... advertised his cotton goods alone all over ... the Union. Mr. Bonner once went to Mr. [Bennett] of the New York Herald, and ask[ed] ... if he could have three pages in to-mor[row's] paper for his advertisement of the ... The answer was, yes; if he would ... a double price he could have all the ... paper; upon which Mr. Bonner said that ... would take the whole paper. The con[sequence] was that the Herald, the next day, ... nothing but Mr. Bonner's advertise[ment] of the Ledger in it. On one page in ... letters, it was stated that an article ... by Henry Ward Beecher, would be ... in the Ledger, and so on through the whole ... paper. Mr. Bonner did not adver[tise] all he had to sell, but only attracted ... to his Ledger. People who wish to succeed must use their brains; they must not depend upon manual labor.

Advertise not only in the best place in the paper, but in the best paper publish[ed]. Advertise only one thing at a time, and take a whole page for it; or, if advertisements are short, put them in the best place, even if it costs four times as much. The great advantage of having a large column advertisement in a good place in a paper was that it covered other advertisements; people could not help seeing it. But advertisements must be frequent—a single advertisement would have no effect. They must be repeated till the name of the advertiser becomes well known. Never have a poor job of advertising done. Cheap work never paid; get the best job you can. Use the best material that can be had, and have no half-way work about it. Young men, if they wish to succeed, must advertise and continue to do so, until success crowns their efforts.

Death of Hon. Howell Cobb.

We had scarcely heard of the arrival of Honorable Howell Cobb at New York when came the stunning news of his sudden death. How strikingly does this fact admonish us of the frail hold of man upon things mortal. Mr. Cobb was in the pride of life, full of physical health and mental force. All human appearances indicated for him many years of a life of usefulness to his country, and of happiness in the cherished associations of family, relatives and friends.

In the social life Mr. Cobb was a shining light. In his early political day he rose to the Speakership of the House of Representatives of the United States, not less from his generous nature and disposition to fairness than from his previous conceded excellence as a *pro tempore* presiding officer. He, in that exalted place needed little of the promptings or suggestions from the Clerk's desk, or otherwise, that in some cases has made at times the nominal discharge of the duties of the Speakership almost farcical.

In the respect of politics in a large way, Mr. Cobb for a long period was known as a Southern Union man, and he fought great battles in his State in that behalf. But when he conceived that the element was unjustly disregarded, he gradually became discouraged in urging a cause to which he had before given devoted service. Hence, when sectional issues came to sharp points during the administration of Mr. Buchanan, of which he held the seals of the Treasury, he became conspicuous in advocating the cause and course of the South.

During the civil war there was not, probably, in the Confederate States a more earnest adherent of its cause than Mr. Cobb. This was in consistence with his nature. But with the close of the war came, upon his part, sincere desire for the restoration of amicable relations between the sections, and disposition to let the dead past bury its dead. He was not the man, however, to abnegate what belonged to true manliness of character, or to yield tame submissiveness to what he conceived to be an infraction of the law of human nature itself, in the respect of the accumulating infamies of Radical policy in the land of his birth, education, and heritage. But to drop political or party reference, let us hope that such genial gentlemen and true-hearted and able men as himself may rise up to serve and save the common brotherhood of human kind from such woes as have afflicted our country, and yet lead it in paths of peace and prosperity. We transcribe from Lanman's work the official positions held by Mr. Cobb, as follows:

Cobb, Howell.—He was born at Cherry Hill, in Jefferson county, Georgia, September 7, 1815. When a child, his father removed to Athens, Georgia, where he has since resided. He graduated at Franklin College in 1834; he studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1836; in 1837 he received the appointment of Solicitor General of the Western Circuit, which he held four years, and he was elected a Representative in Congress in 1842, having been re-elected in 1844, 1846 and 1848, and during his latter term he was elected Speaker. On his retirement from Congress he was chosen Governor of Georgia. In 1855 he was again elected to Congress, and on the accession of Mr. Buchanan to the Presidency Governor Cobb went into his Cabinet as Secretary of the Treasury. He took a prominent part in the rebellion of 1861 and was a member of the so-called Confederate Congress, and a brigadier general.—*National Intelligencer.*

[From the Macon Telegraph.]

Meeting of the Macon Bar.

MACON, Ga., October 10, 1868.

At a meeting of the members of the Bar of Macon, held this day at the office of Hon. C. B. Cole, to take some action in reference to the death of the Hon. Howell Cobb, on motion, the Hon. E. A. Nisbet was called to the Chair, and Jno. B. Weems was requested to act as Secretary.

On motion of Judge Cole, a committee, consisting of Hon. James Jackson, Wm. K. deGraffenried, Samuel Hunter, James T. Nisbet, Jno. Rutherford and A. O. Bacon, were appointed to attend the funeral of the deceased, at Athens, on Tuesday next.

On motion, Messrs. Poe, deGraffenrie, Anderson and Hill were appointed a committee to prepare suitable resolutions expressive of the appreciation of the Bar of Macon, of the life and character of the deceased and of their unfeigned sorrow at his death, to be reported during the ensuing session of the Superior Court of Bibb county.

On motion, Hon. E. A. Nisbet was made Chairman of the Committee.

The meeting then adjourned.

JNO. B. WEEMS, Secretary.

OHIO—A morning Radical paper published yesterday a lengthy review of the canvass in Ohio. From the facts there given it is made to appear that the prospects of a Democratic triumph in the State are every way encouraging. A number of gains to the Democracy in the Congressional delegation is conceded. The tide is everywhere sitting in favor of the Democracy. Let the ball be pushed on, and the Democracy take advantage of this current, and the downfall of Radicalism is certain.—*New York World.*

Special Notices.

☞ THE FRIENDS AND ACQUAINTANCES of Mr. and Mrs. L. and A. Bellingrath are invited to attend the funeral of Mrs. NANCY McMILLEN, at the First Presbyterian Church, at three o'clock, P. M., THIS EVENING.
Atlanta, Ga., October 13, 1868—d1t

☞ GEORGIA STATE LOTTERY, for the benefit of the Masonic Orphans' Home. Combination Class No. 538.—The following were the drawn numbers, October 12th, 1868:

74-4-58-37-71-33-44-53-3-54-70-19-28

oct 3-d1t HOWARD & CO., Managers.

☞ FOR RENT.—Being about to remove to Broad street, the large and elegant Store Room where THE CONSTITUTION is now published will be for rent from Monday next.
Apply at this office. oct8-dtf

☞ PRIVATE BOARDING.—Those desiring good Board, can be accommodated by early application to L. B. DAVIS,
oct7-d5t Insurance Agent, Whitehall street.

☞ BOARD.—A LARGE AND ELEGANTLY Furnished Front Room, on the First Floor, with board in a private Family, and in the most desirable part of the city, can be had for a man and his wife or for two gentlemen. Apply soon at THIS OFFICE.
july 19 d

CITY TAX.

I AM instructed by the City Council to give notice that the books will be closed for collecting City Taxes on the 15th instant, and that fi. fas. be issued for all taxes unpaid, after that date, and that the tax collector give notice of the same in all the city papers.

JO. S. SMITH,
oct8-d6t City Receiver and Collector.

Grand Democratic Rally of the Campaign in Georgia.

MAMMOTH GATHERING AND HUGE FREE BARBECUE.

DALTON, GA., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 15TH,

F. P. Blair, Wade Hampton, James Brooks, D. W. Voorhees, C. L. Vallandigham, Geo. H. Pendleton, John Quincy Adams, S. S. Cox, Emerson Etheridge, T. A. R. Nelson, A. Stephens, Ex-Gov. Bramlett, A. R. Wright, and other eminent speakers invited.

Ex-Gov. Herschell V. Johnson and General Gordon have promised to be present.

GRAND TORCH-LIGHT PROCESSION AT NIGHT.
SPLENDID BAND MUSIC.
HALF FARE ON THE RAILROAD.
EXTRA TRAIN.
EVERYBODY INVITED.
TABLE FOR FREEDMEN.
STUPENDOUS POLITICAL JUBILEE.
Come out and swell the chorus. oct8d14

Commercial and Financial.

Atlanta Market Report.

ATLANTA, Oct. 13, 1868.

COTTON—On Saturday the market opened at 22¼, with a good demand, and closed at 23. Yesterday, steady at 23 and but little offering. A few bales received by wagon.

We have to notice a considerable advance in our Bacon market since last week, with an increased demand.

Flour in good demand without change in prices. Lard firm with tendency upward.

Dried Fruit in fair demand with tendency downward.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

BACON—			
Clear Sides	$	@	18½
Clear Ribbed Sides		@	18
Plain Hams			
Canvassed Hams	20	@	23
Shoulders		@	15
LARD—			
In Barrels		@	21½
In Kegs and Cans	22½	@	
BEESWAX—			
Common	30	@	35
Choice Yellow	36	@	38
DRIED FRUIT—			
Rough	7½	@	9½
Peeled	15	@	20
BROOMS—			
Per dozen	3.50	@	5.00
CORN MEAL—			
Country per bushel	95	@	1.00
FLOUR—			
Superfine, per sack of 100 lbs	4.75	@	5 00
Extra do do	5.25	@	5.50
Extra Family do do	5.85	@	6.00
Fancy do do	6.50	@	7.00
GRAIN—			
Corn, White, per bushel		@	95
Mixed or Yellow		@	95
Barley	2.20	@	2.50
Rye	1 50		1.60
Oats	65	@	70
Wheat, White	2.00	@	2 50
Red	1 90	@	2.25
HAY—			
Clover per 100 lbs		@	1.50
Timothy	1.40	@	2.50
SALT—			
Virginia		@	2 75
Liverpool	2 75	@	2 80
IRON—			
City Mills Bar			5½
Pittsburg bar			6
Sheet Iron	10	@	12
Nail Rod	10	@	14
COTTON CARDS—			
Per dozen	7.50	@	8.50
NAILS—			
4s to 60s	6.00	@	6.25
3s common		@	7.00
3s fine		@	8.00
SACKS—			
2 Bushel Burlaps	16½	@	17
2 Bushel wheat sacks	19	@	25
COTTON GOODS—			
Threads	2.00	@	2.10
Osnaburgs	18	@	21
4 4 Sheetings			17
⅞ Shirtings			13
¾ Shirtings			11
Drills			17½
Stripes			20
LEATHER—			
White oak, sole, per lb		@	40
Hemlock, sole, per lb	25	@	30
French calf skins per dozen	40 00	@	75.00
American calf skins per dozen	25.00	@	40.00
Upper leather per dozen	40.00	@	45 00
Harness leather per lb	40	@	50
MOLASSES—			
Cuba per gallon	55	@	60
New Orleans	85	@	95
Syrup per gallon	50	@	1.25
SUGAR—			
Crushed and Granulated per lb	19½	@	20
Clarified per lb	16	@	17½
New Orleans	14	@	16
Demerara	16½	@	17
CANDLES—			
Sperm	40	@	45
Adamantine	20	@	21
Tallow		@	15
GUN POWDER—			
Sporting in keg of 25 lbs		@	8 75
Blasting in kegs of 25 lbs	6.25	@	6.75
RICE—			
Rogoon			
Carolina	13½	@	14
SOAP—			
Bar	8	@	15
MACKEREL—			
No. 1 per barrel		@	26 00
No. 2 per barrel		@	20.00
No. 3 per barrel		@	17.00
No. 1 in half barrels		@	13.00
No. 2 in half barrels		@	11.00
No 3 in half barrels		@	9.50
No. 1 in kitts		@	4.00
No. 2 in kitts		@	3.50
No. 3 in kitts		@	3.25
STARCH—			
Per lb	10	@	12
FERTILIZERS—			
Peruvian Guano		@	90.00
Reid's Phosphate		@	50 00
Patapsco Guano		@	75.00
LIME—			
Georgia per 5 bushel barrel		@	2.50
Alabama per 5 bushel barrel		@	3.00
TOBACCO—			
Low Grades	50	@	60
Medium	70	@	75
Good medium	80	@	85
Fine	90	@	1.00
Choice	1.10	@	1.35

Financial.

EXCHANGE ON NEW YORK.—Buying at par; selling at ½ premium.

GOLD.—Buying at 38 cents; selling at 40 cents.

SILVER.—Buying at 30 cents; selling at 35 cents.

GOLD BULLION.—Buying at $1.25 per pennyweight.

GOLD DUST.—Buying at $1.20@1.25 per pennyweight.

Uncurrent Moneys and Securities.

GEORGIA BANK NOTES.

Ga. R. R. & B. Co.	a98	Merch'ts & Plant.	7a..
C. R. R. & B. Co.	98a.	Farmers & Mechan	9a..
Marine Bank Ga.	98a.	Bank of Commerce	7a..
Bank Middle Ga.	98a.	Bank of Columbus	5a..
Bank of Athens	a50	Manufact. Macon	15a.
Bank of Fulton	a40	Union Bank	5a..
Bank of Savannah	a53	Mechanics	1a..
Bank of Augusta	a70	Planters' Bank	a10
City B'k Augusta	a70	Augusta Sav. B'k	16a.
Bank State Ga.	a23	Northwestern B'k	1a..
Bank Empire State	a18	Timber Cutters B'k	1a..

SOUTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES.

Bank of So. Ca.	a8	B'k State S. C. old	a15
Union Bank	a60	Bk State S. C. new	1a.
Peoples' Bank	a45	Exchange Bank	a7
Bank of Newberry	a27	So. W. R. R., old	a28
Bank Charleston	a28	So. W. R. R., new	a25
Planters & Mech.	a18	State Bank	a2
B'k of Hamburg	a12	Merchants Bank	a7
Bank of Camden	a24	City Chas'n notes	90a
Bank of Chester	a 8	Planters', Fairfield	a4
B'k of Georgetown	a10	Car. Treas. Notes	75

ALABAMA BANK NOTES.

Bank of Mobile	95	Bank of Montgomery	95
Bank of Selma	20	Eastern Bank	50
Central Bank	2	Northern Bank	25
Commercial Bank	5	Southern Bank	95

BONDS AND STOCKS.

Pensacola and Georgia Railroad Bonds	40@ 42
Atlantic and Gulf Railroad Bonds	70@ 75
M. & W. Pt. Bonds, 1st mortgage	85@ 87
M. & W. Pt. Bonds, income	60@ 65
M. & W. Pt. Bonds, Stock	18@ 20
Macon & Western Railroad Stock	105@110
Macon & Augusta, endorsed	85@ 90
Macon & Augusta, not endorsed	70@ 75
Macon & Augusta Stock	25@ 30
Muscogee Railroad Bonds	75@ 78
Muscogee Railroad Stock	70@ 75
Columbia, S. C. Bonds	50@ 55
Georgia 6 per cent	78@ 81
Georgia 7 per cent	90@ 92
Georgia Coupons	85@ 90
North Carolina 6 per cent	65@ 67
North Carolina Coupons	63@ 65
Tennessee 6 per cent	60@ 63
Tennessee Coupons	65@ 70
South Carolina Bonds, old	40@ 45
South Carolina Bonds, new	35@ 40
S. C. Railroad Bonds, 6 per cent	68@ 70
S. C. Railroad Bonds, 7 per cent	73@ 75
Memphis & Charleston Railroad Bonds	85@ 90
Georgia Railroad Bonds	100@104
Georgia Railroad Stock	78@ 82
Central Railroad Bonds	100@104
Central Railroad Stock	120@125
South Western Railroad Bonds	100@102
Southwestern Railroad Stock	92@ 95
Atlanta & LaGrange Railroad Stock	95@100
Augusta Bonds	74@ 76
Atlanta Bonds, 8 per cent	83@ 85
Macon Bonds	75@ 77
Columbus Bonds	70@ 75
Savannah Bonds	75@ 80
Fulton County Bonds	80@ 85
City Checks, Atlanta	85@ 90
County Checks, Fulton	80@ 85
United States 5 20 Bonds	100@112
United States 7 30 Bonds	90@100
United States 10 40 Bonds	104@108
Atlanta National Bank Stock	100@110
Revenue Stamps	95@100
Land Warrants	70@ 80

The Government has been selling Gold, which in a great measure, accounts for the decline of that article in New York.

A. J. MILLER. W. H. BAILEY.

MILLER & BAILEY,
PROPRIETORS

ECONOMICAL JOB PRINTING OFFICE,

Over Atlanta Ice House,

ATLANTA..........●..........GEORGIA,

PREPARED to print in the best style and at very low prices, for cash,

PAMPHLETS, POSTERS, HAND-BILLS, BLANKS, of all Descriptions, CIRCULARS, Letter-Heads, Bill-Heads, Envelopes, Business Wedding and Visiting Cards, and Shipping Tags

☞ In fact everything usually done in a First Class Job Office. ☞

Give us a call before having your work done elsewhere. sep30d1m

FIRE. STOVES. FIRE.

230 STOVES just received, assorted patterns.

GRATES. GRATES.

160 FINE and Common Grates have been Shipped and will arrive in a day or two.

ECHOLS, LANGFORD & McCRATH,
oct8-d1w Whitehall street.

LARGE STOCK OF GROCERIES,

SEED WHEAT,

GRASS AND CLOVER SEED,

Chesapeak Guano, Lime, Cement,

Plaster, Bagging, Family Hams,

Bacon, &c.

600 BUSHELS selected Tennessee Seed Wheat

20 Bbls Grass and Clover Seed.
50 Tons Chesapeak Guano,
50 Tons Land Plaster,
100 Bbls Fresh Burnt Lime at 40c per bushel,
30 Bbls Plaster of Paris,
30 Bbls Hydraulic Cement,
10 Bales Borneo (blanket) Bagging, very heavy, 47 inches wide,
100 Coils and half coils St. Louis and New York Rope,
Manilla and Jute Rope—various sizes,
200 Lbs Wrapping Twine,
5000 Burlap, Corn and Wheat Sacks,
50 Bags Rio Coffee,
50 Bbls Refined Sugars, all grades,
16 Hhds New Crop Cuba Molasses,
100 Bags Liverpool Salt,
500 Bags Virginia Salt,
200 Bags Flour,
1000 Bushels Prime Old Corn,
200 Bushels Old Corn, slightly damaged,
One Car Load Oats,
50 Boxes Soap.

A. K. SEAGO.

CHAPMAN, RUCKER & CO.

WHITEHALL STREET,

ATLANTA, GA.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

KEEP CONSANTLY ON HAND

Bacon, Flour, Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Syrups, Bagging, Rope, Tobacco, Cigars, Soap,

PROVISIONS and PRODUCE of every description, and all other articles usually kept in a first class

Grocery Establishment,

Exclusively at Wholesale.

☞ Sole Agents for Bubarlee Flouring Mills, (Cass county.)

☞ Consignments respectfully solicited, and prompt attention given to orders.
oct8d3m CHAPMAN, RUCKER & CO.

TO THE TRADE.

WE invite the attention of the trade to our magnificent stock of Tobacco, consiting in part of the following celebrated brands:

CHEWING TOBACCO.

Davis & Son's Gold Leaf,
Davis & Son's Rattlesnake,
Davis & Son's Three Belles, } Extra Fine.
Magnolia of the South,
Three Kings,
Brown's Best,
R. E. Lee,
T. J. Jackson,
H. P. Moore,
Mountain Rose,
Rosa Bell, Gold Bar,
Rose Bell, Twist,
McGee's Best,
Max 1 A,
Max 2 A,
Magnet,
Tycoon and many other popular brands.

SMOKING TOBACCO.

Pride of Virginia, Hiawatha, Here's Yer Mule, Fruits and Flowers, and a variety of other superior brands.

JORDAN, HOWARD & HARALSON,
oct6-d3m Whitehall street.

W. C. COURTNEY. R. MURDOCH. J. S. MURDOCH

W. C. Courtney & Co.,

FACTORS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

NO. 9 BOYCE'S WHARF,

CHARLESTON, S. C.

sep15-6m

A Splendid Lot

OF Side-Striped Cassimeres, Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, Kerseys, Flannels, Blankets, &c., for sale cheap, at
sept27 2w CHAMBERLIN & BOYNTON'S.

Carpets of all Grades,

MATS, Rugs, Window Shades, Oil Cloth, &c., for sale cheap, at
sept27 2w CHAMBERLIN & BOYNTON'S.

UNIVERSAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

NEW YORK.

Office No. 69, Liberty Street.

The Original Joint Stock Life Insurance Company of the United States.

The Business of this Company is exclusively confined to the Insurance of First-Class Healthy Lives.

Statement, July 13, 1868,

ASSETS:

United States Stocks (market value)	$109,250 00
Bonds and Mortgages (City of New York)	97,000 00
Brooklyn City Bonds (market value)	25,187 50
Virginia State Bonds (market value)	14,700 00
Cash Deposited in New York Guarnty and Indemnity Co. (at interest)	45,000 00
Cash on hand and in Bank	10,182 09
Balance due by Agents (secured)	25,478 28
Office Furniture	5,285 22
Deferred semi-annual quarterly pr'ms	72,165 31
Premiums in course of collection	56,564 64
Interest accrued, not due	4,840 67
Other assets	3,819 21
TOTAL	$468,623 87

LIABILITIES:

Amount required to reinsure outstanding risks—Homan's Table—5 per cent	$243,200	
Unpaid losses, not due	15,000	$258 200 00
Surplus over and above All Liabilities		$210,422 87

Ratio of Assets to Liabilities 181 1-2 to 100.

Number of Policies in force	3,634
Insuring	$7,926,810
Policies issued since January 1st, 1868	1,138
Insuring	$2,713,250

THE UNIVERSAL

Offers the following original and popular plan of Insurance:

1st. THE RETURN PREMIUM PLAN: Upon which policies are issued at rates less than those charged by Mutual Companies *guaranteeing* the return of all premiums paid in addition to the amount insured.

2nd. THE REDUCTION OF PREMIUM PLAN: By which policies are issued at rates less than those charged by Mutual Companies, *guaranteeing a reduction of fifty per cent.* of the premium after the third annual payment.

OFFICERS:

WILLIAM WALKER	President.
HENRY J. FURBER	Vice President.
JOHN H. BEWLEY	Secretary.
CHARLES E. PEASE	Assistant Secretary.
D. PARKS FACKLER	Consulting Actuary.
EDWARD W. LAMBERT, M. D.	Medical Examiner.
ALEXANDER & GREEN	Solicitors.

☞ Agents wanted throughout the South.

Address

J. W. SHACKLEFORD,
Manager Southern Department,
oc13 Atlanta, Georgia.

The Great Southern

PASSENGER AND MAIL ROUTE

Via Atlanta & Augusta.

Connections by this Line are most Certain and Sure at all Seasons.

The Eating Houses on this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted.

Ample time given for Meals at regular Hours.

Conductors on this Line are Affable and Courteous to Passengers.

NO CHANGE OF CARS Between West Point, Ga., and Wilmington, N. C.

Quick Time & Sure Connections VIA GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Passengers can purchase

THROUGH TICKETS

and have their

Baggage Checked Through

From New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus and Atlanta, to Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York, by

Four Different Routes Via Augusta, Ga.

Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars

On all Night Trains leaving Atlanta by this route. These splendid Sleeping Cars run through from Atlanta, Ga., to Branchville, on S. C. Railroad, without change at Augusta.

The Great Southern

Passenger and Mail Route

Via Augusta, to Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

Passengers can have choice of Four different Routes via Augusta to Washington, Philadelphia and New York.

Fare the Same by Either Route,

Via Augusta, Kingville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line.

Fare as Low by Augusta

AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

Through Tickets sold at New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus and Atlanta to Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, and New York by this route.

Through Tickets sold at Atlanta to Charleston, Columbia, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Philadelphia and New York.

Passengers taking this route can have their Baggage Checked through from Montgomery, Alabama, to Washington, Philadelphia and New York by four different routes via Augusta. Baggage checked through from Atlanta to Charleston, Columbia, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Philadelphia and New York.

The Train leaving Atlanta at 5:40 P. M. has attached to it Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars, and makes close connections at Augusta with Trains to the following places: Savannah, Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

Passengers from New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, and Columbus, Ga., make close connections at Atlanta with Trains for Augusta, Savannah, Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and New York.

☞ Passengers wishing to go North by Sea, will find a

Splendid Line of Steam Ships

from Charleston, S. C. to Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston, and New York.

THE CHARLESTON STEAM SHIPS

Offer inducements to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed, and Comfort

Are Unrivalled on the Coast!

☞ Through Tickets on sale in Montgomery, West Point, and Atlanta to New York via Charleston Steam Ships.

J. A. ROBERT,
General Ticket Agent, Georgia Railroad.
Augusta, Ga., Sep. 23, 1868. sep23-d3m

$1, $2, $3, $4, $5, $6, $7, $8, $9, $10.

General Southern Agency.

FOR Importers, Manufacturers, Inventors, Publishers, Dealers, &c. We want some person in every place to engage with us, for a reasonable salary, in introducing many new articles. For particulars address L. B. CAUKLEY,
sep30d1m General Agent, Atlanta, Ga.

1868. DRY GOODS. 1868.

Fall and Winter Dry Goods.

JOHN M. GANNON,

(Corner WHITEHALL and HUNTER Streets,)

IS just in receipt of the following splendid line of Goods, which he has carefully selected, and will dispose of at prices that cannot fail to give satisfaction:

DRESS GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

A great variety of Cloaks and Shawls; a splendid line of Blankets and Flannels; a full stock of Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Embroideries, Breakfast Shawls, Nubias, Scarfs, Ladies' Under Vests, Gloves, Hoops and Balmoral Skirts, Irish Linens, Birds' Eye Diapers, Table Linen, Scotch Diaper, Crash, Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, English Tweeds, Satinets, Kentucky and North Carolina Jeans, Prints, Sheetings, Shirtings, Demins, Stripes, Tickings, Osnaburgs, Linseys, Drills, Checks and everything kept in a first class Dry Goods store.

ONE PRICE ONLY.

It affords me pleasure to be able to state that this system has been a complete success and gives general satisfaction to my customers. For the benefit of those who have not been in the habit of doing business with me, I state that there is only one price for every article sold in my store, so that there is no danger of any person being overcharged for goods under any circumstances—in other words—a child can purchase goods in my store as cheap as the closest judge. I wish it distinctly understood that if any goods purchased in my establishment fail to come up to representation, they can be returned and the money will be returned.

All consumers of dry goods are invited to call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.
oct4-d3m JOHN M. GANNON.

"Westward the Star of Empire takes its Way."

SECURE A HOMESTEAD

IN CALIFORNIA.

The Imigrant and Homestead Association of California,

Incorporated under the laws of the State, November 30th, 1867, for the purpose of

PROVIDING HOMES FOR ITS MEMBERS,

and thereby induce imigration.

CAPITAL STOCK $1,000,000,

Divided into 200,000 shares at $5 per share payable

IN U. S. CURRENCY.

Certificates of Stock issued to Subscribers immediately upon receipt of the money.

No Person allowed to Hold More than 5 Shares.

A Circular containing a full description of the property to be distributed among the Stockholders, sent to any address upon receipt of stamps for return postage.

Information as to price of land in any portion of the State, or upon any other subject of interest to persons proposing to imigrate cheerfully furnished upon receipt of stamps for postage.

☞ All letters should be addressed

Secretary Imigrant Homestead Association,
Post Office Box No. 86
sep25-d2m San Francisco, Cal.

IN STORE AND FOR SALE.

LOW FOR CASH:

10 CASKS CLEAR RIB SIDES,
40 Casks Clear Sides,
20 Casks Choice Canvassed Hams,
80 Choice Leaf Lard in Tierces and Cans,
100 Rolls Kentucky Bagging,
75 Bbls Choice Western Flour,
300 Sacks Superfine, Extra and Family Flour,
30 Dozen Brooms,
1 Bbl. Choice Strained Honey,
25 Boxes Cheese at very low figures.

Manures for Wheat.

Reid's Phosphate, $50 per Ton.
Patapsco Guano, $75 per Ton.
Pure Flour of Rawbone, $75 per Ton.

LANGSTON, CRANE & HAMMOCK,
Commission Merchants,
sept16 Atlanta, Ga

LIME! LIME!

ORDERS for Lime, by the Car Load, filled without delay, and shipped fresh from the kiln.

LANGSTON, CRANE & HAMMOCK.
Commission Merchants,
sept16 Atlanta, Ga.

J. M. DYE & CO.,

WAREHOUSE AND

Commission Merchants

AUGUSTA, GEORGIA,

CONTINUE the business, in all of its branches, at their OLD STAND, 142 REYNOLDS ST. Prompt personal attention given to the STORAGE and SALE of COTTON and other Produce, and to the purchase of BAGGING, ROPE and FAMILY SUPPLIES.

LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES made when required.

Commissions for selling Cotton, 1 1-4 per cent.

Consignments solicited. Sept16d3m

R. P. SPENCER, Formerly of Columbus, Ga. J. BERRIEN OLIVER Late of Tallahassee, Fla.

SPENCER & OLIVER,

COTTON FACTORS,

Commission Merchants, and General PURCHASING and FORWARDING AGENTS,

No. 132 Bay street, Hodgson's Block,

[P. O. Box 182.] Savannah, Ga.

Consignments of Cotton, Tobacco, Rice, Wool, Hides, etc., solicited, upon which liberal advances will be made when required. sep29—d1aw1m

D. A. VASON. JOHN A. DAVIS.

VASON & DAVIS,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

Albany, Georgia,

Will practice in all the Courts of Southwestern Circuits and Pataula Circuit, and by special contract, in any county in the State.

Also, in the Supreme Court of Georgia and the United States Courts.

Judge D. A. Vason having retired from the Bench, the old firm of Vason & Davis is resumed and will be ready, as heretofore, to serve their friends professionally.
sep24-d1m

MILLINERY.

MRS. O'CONNOR is now receiving her usual large stock of Fall and Winter Millinery Goods of the latest styles and fashions.

Mrs. DURAND, who is long and favorably known to the fashionable ladies of the South, is now connected with this establishment. Having ample means and being connected with the wholesale department of P. O'Connor & Co., we are prepared to furnish all kinds of goods in our line, of the very best material and latest styles at the lowest figures. oct7 dtf

Dress Goods,

OF every kind, in immense quantity, for sale cheap, at
sept27 2w CHAMBERLIN & BOYNTON'S.

REMOVAL. REMOVAL.

JOHN R. BOSTWICK

HAS removed from No. 1, Granite Block, Broad Street, to

BELL'S WHITE MARBLE BUILDING,

(Corner Broad and Marietta streets, Atlanta, Ga.)

THOSE large and fine warerooms, so well adapted to his business, now contain full assorted lines of staple and Fancy Groceries and Produce. By recent purchase in Northern and Western markets is prepared, and offers every inducement to

CLOSE CASH

buyers, and invites such to examine his heavy and complete stock, bought entirely for CASH from the IMPORTER, MANUFACTURER and REFINER. oct6-d1m

SECURITY LIFE INSURANCE AND

Annuity Company,

Of New York,

Chartered by the Legislature of New York, 1862.

ROBT. L. CASE, President
THEO. R. WETMORE, Vice President,
ISAAC H. ALLEN, Secretary.

UNDER the judicious management of its able officers and directors, its growth in the public confidence is shown by its steady growth in business, to which we would call your attention, the increase being nearly as rapid as that of any other company in the United States, as follows:

Year	No of New Policies issued each year	Gross Rec's	Am't Ins'd by new poli's	Total Gross Ass'ts	Increase over previous year in Gross Assets
1862	211	23,428	439,000	129 857	12 857
1863	888	80,538	1,939,550	160,092	37 245
1864	1,406	149,411	3,009,743	249,831	89 739
1865	2,134	233,827	4,841,250	425,027	175 196
1866	3,335	603,651	7,526,509	753,398	328,371
1867	4,094	880,000	9,079,895	1,388,390	632,992

While not wishing to disparage any *reliable* Life Insurance Company, but rather bidding them all God speed in their noble work, the General Agent, in introducing this Company to the attention of the people of Georgia, feels warranted in saying that it stands *second to none* in its advantages and adaptedness to the present financial condition of the South.

Energetic and reliable agents wanted in every part of the State, to whom liberal inducements will be offered.

Address or call on W. S. TOWNSEND,
General Agent, Atlanta, Ga.
Office Whitehall street, over Force's Shoe Store.
oct1d1f

REMOVAL.

TOBACCO! TOBACCO!

MEADOR & BROTHERS have removed their TOBACCO STORE to the large and commodious store, recently occupied by W. F. Meador, two doors above Jack's, on Whitehall street.

They now offer the largest and most varied

STOCK OF TOBACCO

ever offered in any Southern market.

PRICES LOW FOR CASH.

Atlanta, Sept. 13, 1868. sep13-3m

WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

ON and after May 10th, 1868, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

GOING NORTH.

LEAVE ATLANTA.

8.15 A. M. DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) EXPRESS PASSENGER.—Arrive at CHATTANOOGA 4.39 P. M., connecting with trains of Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad for Nashville, Louisville and the West, and for New York and other Eastern Cities, via Louisville; also with trains of Memphis and Charleston Railroad for Memphis, New Orleans, etc.

4.15 P. M. DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) DALTON ACCOMMODATION.—Arrive at Marietta at 5.32 P. M., Cartersville 8.12 P. M., Kingston 9.17 P. M., Dalton 12.25 A. M.

7.00 P. M. DAILY GREAT NORTHERN MAIL.—Arrive at DALTON 1.20 A. M., connecting with trains for Knoxville, Lynchburg, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York. Arrive at CHATTANOOGA at 4 A. M., connecting with trains of Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad for Nashville, Louisville and the West, and for New York and other Eastern cities, via Louisville; also with trains of Memphis and Charleston Railroad for Memphis, St. Louis and the West.

COMING SOUTH.

ARRIVE AT ATLANTA.

3.45 A. M. DAILY GREAT SOUTHERN MAIL.—Leaving CHATTANOOGA at 7.10 P. M., connecting with trains of Nashville and Chattanooga and Memphis and Charleston Railroads, and Dalton at 9.45 P. M., connecting with trains of E. T. and Ga. Railroad.

11.00 A. M. DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) DALTON ACCOMMODATION.—Leave Dalton at 1.15 A. M., Kingston 5.25 A. M., Cartersville 6.08 A. M., Marietta at 9.21 A. M.

1.16 P. M. DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) EXPRESS PASSENGER.—Leave Chattanooga at 4.50 A. M., connecting with trains of Nashville and Chattanooga, and Memphis and Charleston Railroads.

Pullman's Patent Sleeping Coaches ON ALL NIGHT TRAINS.

E. B. WALKER
Master of Transportation.

LANIER HOUSE,

MACON, GA.

COLLIER & BOYS

Having assumed the management of this House, respectfully solicit a share of public patronage. Free Omnibus to and from the House. Attentive Porters. oct3-d3m

TIBBS HOUSE,

Dalton, Georgia.

J. D. CAMPBELL, Proprietor,
Formerly of Montgomery Hall, Montgomery Ala.
sep23-d1m

Shawls,

OF every description, for sale cheap, at
sept27 2w CHAMBERLIN & BOYNTON'S.

The Daily Constitution

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, OCTOBER 12.

WHO SUPPORT SEYMOUR AND BLAIR.

The Union Generals Who Will Vote as They Fought.

[Correspondence of the New York Citizen.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29, 1868.

I have compiled, after some research (for I am determined to be accurate) a list of general officers, distinguished in the Union army during the late war, who will vote for Seymour and Blair. Out of the list I have selected the following hundred. The "Boys in Blue" who composed the armies of the Potomac, Cumberland, Georgia, Tennessee—North, East and West—will readily recognize many of their distinguished and faithful Generals. The military record of these is clear and above suspicion. The archives of the War Department or Judge Advocate General's office contain no imputation on their bravery or valor. They were intrepid in the field as they are firm and resolute now in their efforts to stem the torrent of Radical misrule and Jacobin corruption.

Geo B McClellan	J J Peck
W S Hancck	J W Blanchard
Gordon Granger	H F McMahon
Darius N Couch	Theodore Runyon
Chas P Stone	J B Sweetzer
W F (Baldy) Smith	J S Fullerton
Gershom Mott	Jas Craig
Geo W Morgan	J C McGowan
A Sanders Piatt	H S Cominger
Wm McCandless	Hugh Cameron
Geo A Custar	Henry M Neagle
L H Rousseau	Robert Patterson
Geo W Cook	E B Brown
John E Wool	J G Parkhurst
W F Rogers	Henry A Morrow
John Love	Thomas Curley
A A Stearns	O C Maxwell
Morgan L Smith	H E Davies, Jr
Geo N Roberts	J L Croxton
R N Bowerman	James Shields
Thomas Ewing, Jr	Jas H Slack
Wm B Franklin	H H Heath
J A McClernand	C D Pennebaker
H W Slocum	Hugh Ewing
John W Horn	Thos H Benton
Thomas W Egan	Willis Gorman
W J Sewell	Thos Kilby Smith
Chas E Phillips	Geo C Rogers
J B Steadman	O B Wilcox
Wm H Davis	J C Davis
W W Averill	N M Curtis
Alex D McCook	J J Bartlett
Peter Lyle	W T Ward
A S Daggett	B Patrigde
A C Gillem	H C Hobart
M R Patrick	H C Dunlap
Jos F Knipe	Chas Fairfield
Geo P Este	W C Whitaker
Jesse J Phillips	W S Rosecrans
J W Denver	D C Buell
Thos A Davies	F H Warren
E S Bragg	R A Vaughn
Durbin Ward	A A Stevens
S M Zulick	Wm Hartshorn
Jas McQuade	J H Hobart Ward
T L Crittenden	John Clark
E H Hobson	Geo Spalding
Wm R Benton	J F Ballier
A S Williams	C C Loomis

THE CAMILLA RIOT.—*Gen. Sibley's Report—He throws the Responsibility on the Negroes.*—The fact was heralded throughout the country several weeks since that Gen. Sibley was investigating the cause of the recent riot at Camilla, Ga., and that, when completed, the report would be sent to Gen. Howard, of the Freedmen's Bureau, and, of course, as the Radicals expected it would be all in their favor and against the truth, they were awaiting its arrival, eager to make political capital from its statements.

This report, it is well known, has been transmitted to Gen. Howard by General Sibley, and should certainly have been in the possession of that autocrat of the bureau for the freedmen for some days past. Our reporter has made several applications at the headquarters of the bureau for a copy of the report or a peep at its contents. He has been informed by some of the officials there that "they did not think the report had yet been received."

Gen. Howard refuses to give the report to the press, or any information concerning it. The report does not suit him and his Radical friends. It is very long and is based upon the sworn statement of responsible witnesses.

It throws the responsibility of the riot wholly upon the negroes, and demonstates the fact that they went to the meeting armed, and when remonstrated with by the Sheriff refused to give up their arms, which was the cause of the riot. The first dispatches regarding the disturbances are proved to have been substantially correct, and the refusal of General Howard to allow the report to be published is sufficient evidence of its damaging character to the Radical party.

Gen. Sibley has been an army officer for thirty odd years, and was not just the kind of man to garble facts and truth to suit the Radical scheme.—*Washington Express, October 3.*

☞ The extent of Thackeray's reading was not so wide as his admirers believe. His acquaintance with the reigns of Queen Anne and her immediate successors, in which it is thought he had especially well informed himself, was not, it seems, very extensive in its range. Everybody familiar with the period will observe the defective and incomplete representation of the times made by the author in the novels he produced; but it is more manifest in the sketches of Swift and Steele. When Thackeray first gave his lecctures on the English Humorist—most of whom by-the-by, were Irishmen—he omitted in his notice of Swift all allusion to Swift's masterpiece—"Gulliver." In his notice of Steele there was, and is, an omission even more noteworthy. Steele, like Thackery, was a Charter House boy, and it might have been thought that whilst recording his reminiscences of the school, he would, in his dissertion on flogging, have alluded to Steele's paper on that subject in "The Tattler," but the existence of the paper was entirely unknown to him. Shortly after the appearance of the "Humorist," a friend of ours, a well known author, dining with Thackeray remarked on the singular omission when the novelist frankly avowed his ignorance, and exclaimed, "By Jove! you don't mean to say that Steele has written on the subject? I would have given fifty pounds," he added, "to have known it at the time."—*Lippincott's Magazine.*

THE COMING VICTORY IN PENNSYLVANIA. The Democratic column is moving on to sure and certain victory in Philadelphia. Nothing can now prevent an overwhelming Democratic triumph to-morrow week. The Democracy are jubilant and enthusiastic; the Radicals are despondent and dispirited. The bottom has tumbled out of the great Radical colinization tub, and all their well laid plans for cheating the people have been thoroughly exposed, and have subjected their authors to public execration. Let the Democracy continue their unceasing vigilance—watch the Radicals at every election precinct—and in every case where fraud is contemplated punish the rascals to the full extent of the law. Democrats, keep up the fire along the whole line as you are now doing, and such a triumph will crown your efforts as never before gladdened the hearts of freemen.—*Philadelphia Age, October 3.*

have more talk than greenbacks, though their bombastic gasconade served to deter several *honest* parties from competing, supposing the sale would be made at a figure far above their means or inclination to invest. We learn (and suppose there is no doubt on the subject) that the editorial mantle will fall upon Col. Snead, the old time editor of the Republican, the general favorite of our citizens, and so well and favorable known throughout the State. With his stirring abilities, untiring energy and extensive acquaintance, the Republican cannot fail to enter upon a new era of success and honor. We understand the sheet will be enlarged, and everything supplied requisite to give it the appearance and reality of a first class literary, commercial and news paper.—*Sav. Republican.*

THE CONSTITUTION,

Daily and Semi-Weekly,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA,

BY CAREY W. STYLES & CO.

Daily Circulation Over 3,000.

Semi-Weekly Circulation 2,000.

DAILY, PER ANNUM	$10 00
" SIX MONTHS	5 00
" ONE MONTH	1 00

SEMI-WEEKLY, PER ANNUM	$3 00
" SIX MONTHS	1 50
" THREE MONTHS	1 00

THE CONSTITUTION is intensely DEMOCRATIC and neither pains, enterprise, nor money will be spared, in the efforts of the Proprietors, to make it a leading organ, and one of the first papers in the South.

THE CONSTITUTION has scarcely laid aside its baptismal robes, and yet its circulation is equal to, if not greater, than any political paper in Georgia. This unparalleled success is mainly attributable to the industry and enterprise which have characterized its management.

As its name imports, it is battling for the Constitution and the liberties of the people; and the patronage it has received, assures the Proprietors that their labors are appreciated, and their policy endorsed.

As an advertising medium, THE CONSTITUTION is, perhaps, superior to any paper published in the State, its circulation being confined to no particular locality, but extending from one end of the State to the other, and from the Savannah to the Chattahoochee.

The Proprietors intend no relaxation of their energy, but will add new features of interest and more vigorous enterprise as patronage increases; and they hope in future, as in the past, to merit the good will and plaudits of their numerous readers.

CAREY W. STYLES & CO.

"THE LIVE DRUG STORE"

REDWINE & FOX

Have in Store and to Arrive,

20,000 Pounds White Lead;

25 Barrels Fine Copperas;

1 Car Load Coal Oil;

500 Boxes Window Glass;

10,000 Pounds Choice Putty;

10 Casks Linseed Oil;

50 Gross Wine Bottles;

5 Bales (O. K.) Corks;

5 Cases Best Spanish Float Indigo;

200 Ounces Sulph. Quinine;

50 Ounces Sulph. Morphine;

50 Pounds Opium;

50 Gross Swift & Courtney Parlor Matches;

ALL THE

POPULAR PATENT MEDICINES,

And everything usually found in a

FIRST CLASS DRUG HOUSE,

All of which we offer

LOW FOR CASH.

REDWINE & FOX,

Cor. Whitehall and Alabama streets,

aug8 Atlanta, Georgia.

AT THE

City Drug Store!

Do You Want Drugs,

MEDICINES,

Dye-Stuffs, Paints,

OILS, WHITE LEAD, &c., &c.?

CALL AND EXAMINE FOR YOURSELVES.

I AM NOW RECEIVING

Copperas, Madder, Indigo, Spice, Pepper, Ginger, Blue Stone, &c.

A Large Lot of Window Glass, Patent Medicines, Perfumeries and Fancy Articles,

AND ANY ARTICLE TO BE FOUND IN

A First Class Drug Store,

SUCH AS

Oils, of Every Description, Putty, CHEMICALS, Fancy Soaps, and Toilet Articles! Brushes, Alcohol, &c., From the Most Renowned Laboratories in the World!

—AT—

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL,

AND AT

THE LOWEST PRICES,

MEDICINES WARRANTED

PURE and UNADULTERATED.

PRESCRIPTIONS

Compounded Night and Day!

BY A

Thoroughly Competent Pharmaceutist.

SODA WATER,

COLD ENOUGH TO FREEZE AN ICEBERG.

TRY BEFORE YOU BUY!

☞ Corner of Whitehall and Marietta Streets, Old Norcross Corner,

aug14 W. C. LAWSHE.

CAPITOL

Drug Store!

L. H. BRADFIELD,

DEALER IN

PAINTS, OILS, DYE-STUFFS,

Drugs and Patent Medicines,

Also, WHOLESALE AGENT for

PROPHITT'S REMEDIES:

Prophitt's Liver Medicine.

Prophitt's Pain Kill It.

Prophitt's Anti-Bilious Pills.

The excellent remedies of O. S. Prophitt, M. D. need no recommendation. Their well known power in removing the diseases peculiar to our Southern Climate, having already established for them an enviable reputation in Georgia and the adjoining States. As the majority of persons living in the South are pre-disposed to disease of the Liver, it is granted by all intelligent physicians that most of the pains and aches of our people are due to organic or functional derangement of that important organ. Prophitt's Anti-Bilious Pills and Liver Medicine strike directly at the root of the evil. They cure the Liver which, in nine cases out of ten, is at the bottom of the Coughs, Dyspepsia, Colic, Sick Headache, Rheumatism, Constipation, Menstrual Obstructions, etc., so common among our people. Earache Toothache, Acute Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and bodily pains of every kind, flee before PROPHITT'S PAIN KILL IT like chaff before the wind.

L. H. BRADFIELD,

Wholesale Agent for Prophitt's Celerated Family Medicines,

aug13 d3m Whitehall Street, Atlanta.

Administrators' Sale.

ON the FIRST TUESDAY in November next, will be sold at the Court House door in La Grange, Troupe County, Georgia, within lawful hours of sale 1,100 acres of LAND, more or less, in the Hoganesville District of Meriwether county, and the 11th District of Meriwether county, and known as the plantation of Dr. James S. Phillips, late of said county. Sold as the property of said deceased, for distribution.

Terms 60 days credit.

Persons desiring to look at said lands, can do so by seeing Mr. Camp on the premises, or the Administrator at Hogansville, Georgia.

JOHN D. PHILLIPS, } Administrators.
W. H. STANTON, }

Hogansville, Sep 24.

WM. M. WILLIAMS & BRO.

GROCERS

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

OLD STAND, DECATUR ST.,

ATLANTA, GA.,

KEEP constantly in store a large stock of Provisions and Groceries. We most respectfully solicit an inspection of our stock by buyers, before making their purchases. We make cash purchases, therefore, get goods on the best terms, and are content with very small profits.

We are now receiving A WELL ASSORTED STOCK of Choice Family Groceries, embracing Coffee, of all grades, Sugars, Teas, Spices, Peppers, Cheese, Fish, Tobacco, Cigars, and all other articles to be found in a First Class Grocery House.

W. M. WILLIAMS & BRO.

WHITE WINE VINEGAR, Pure Cider Vinegar, and Maderia Wine for cooking purposes,

W. M. WILLIAMS & BRO.

THE PURE POPLAR LOG WHISKY, as originally introduced by us, a good supply constantly on hand and sold *only* by us, unless purchased from us. W. M. WILLIAMS & BRO.

Bird's Eye Lime.

WE ARE SOLE AGENTS for Rogers' Celebrated Birds Eye Lime. No better Lime for all purposes is manufactured in this country.

If you wish good masonry, plastering, or a fertilizer, use the purest lime. We keep constantly on hand, fresh from kilns, a good supply, and can furnish promptly, any quantity desired. Every barrel guaranteed.

sep25-d3t W. M. WILLIAMS & BRO.

BACON, BACON. We have now in store and on sale 75,000 lbs. Bacon—Sides, Shoulders and Hams. LARD—Best Leaf—Tierces, Kegs and Caddies. W. M. WILLIAMS & BRO.

July 22d, 1868. d3m

JAMES H. ANDERSON. LOUIS F. ANDERSON.

J. H. ANDERSON & SON,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GENERAL PRODUCE

AND

Commission Merchants,

THIRD STREET,

Adjoining Hardeman & Sparks' Warehouse

MACON GA.

june16-d6m

Geo. L. Anderson & Co.,

GROCERS

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Mitchell street, near Whitehall

ATLANTA GEORGIA.

IN STORE:

20 HHDS. CLEAR SIDES,
10 hhds. Shoulders,
10 barrels Molasses,
10 sacks Coffee,
15 barrels Sugar,
12 barrels Lard,
20 kegs Lard,

Mackerel, Rice, Vinegar, Starch, Candles, Soap, Crockery Ware, Shoes, &c., &c., for sale cheap for cash, or exchanged for Wheat at a fair price.

G. L. ANDERSON & CO.

WANTED.

2,000 BUSHELS CHOICE WHEAT, by the 25th instant, for which a fair price will be paid.

G. L. ANDERSON & CO.

Atlanta, Ga., June 16, 1868—d6m

NEWSPAPER FOR SALE!

THE ALBANY

TRI-WEEKLY NEWS

IS OFFERED FOR SALE!

FINDING IT IMPOSSIBLE TO RUN BOTH THE CONSTITUTION and the NEWS, without fatal neglect to one or the other, I propose to sell the latter.

The NEWS is in a flourishing condition, having a liberal Circulation, and as much Advertising Patronage as it can accommodate. It has yielded handsome profits since I purchased it in October last; and in practical hands, with vigor in its editorial management, can be made the best paying paper in Georgia. There is a well appointed

Job Office Attached,

And the Job Work of the City will run the establishment if rightly managed.

There are two PRESSES, one of Hoe's Drum Cylinder, and one Washington Hand Press in good order, and material enough to run a Daily and Weekly. I will sell on liberal terms if application is made within Thirty Days.

Address CAREY W. STYLES,
CONSTITUTION OFFICE, Atlanta, Ga.
or STYLES & EVANS,
Albany, Ga.

☞ The Press requested to notice. sep4

T. S. RUST. T. H. JOHNSON. B. B. LOCKETT.

RUST, JOHNSON & CO.,

Cotton Factors,

WAREHOUSE AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.

OFFICE DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.

☞ Collections attended to and Remittances promptly made.

ALBANY, GEORGIA.

june16-d6m

R. M. ROSE & CO.,

WHOLESALE

LIQUOR DEALERS,

Granite Block, Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

je16-d1y

Seed Wheat! Seed Wheat!

OF THE BEST VARIETY, raised in Tennessee, just received. Let planters renew their seed, and thereby secure a larger harvest of superior wheat. Apply to A. K. SEAGO.

oct2d10t

Hosiery, Gloves,

RIBBONS, Satin, Fringes, Handkerchiefs, Collars, Laces and Embroideries, for sale cheap, at

sept21 2w CHAMBERLIN & BOYNTON'S.

F. E. MCDANIEL. C. H. STRONG. B. F. MOSES.

McDANIEL, STRONG & CO.,

Cotton Warehouse

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Corner Prior and Hunter Sts.,

In sight of the Passenger Depot, and near the United States and American Hotels,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

WITH the advent of another Cotton Season, we renew to our friends and patrons the offer of our service in the storage and sale of their cotton. We have demonstrated the fact by the experience of past seasons, and particularly of the last, that Atlanta is one of the best interior cotton markets of the South. This is due chiefly to her situation; being on the direct route from the producing districts to the large seaport marts, and having the advantage of three routes to New York, via Savannah, Charleston and Norfolk, all of which are freely and satisfactorily used. The importance of Atlanta as a cotton market was, during the last season, acknowledged by the New York buyers, many of whom made extensive purchases, which with the local competition enabled us to realize the most satisfactory prices; relatively higher in most instances than could have been obtained by our consignors, by shipments to more distant points.

The members of our firm are all men of large experience in cotton, and well known in the community. Our Warehouse cannot be surpassed, being of large dimensions, completely sheltered, and fire-proof. Every money facility usual in such cases we are prepared to furnish.

McDANIEL, STRONG & Co.

aug27-d3m

TO THE SHIPPERS AND PRODUCERS

Of Georgia, Alabama and Florida.

THE undersigned COTTON FACTORS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS of

SAVANNAH, GEORGIA,

Take pleasure in notifying the public that arrangements have been effected for storing and shipping by steam or sail direct to European and American ports, the cotton crop of those sections, the natural outlet of which is through our port; and hope, in affording every facility to receive a heavy increase over the large consignments of last season. We confidently express the belief that our city will be one of the best cotton markets this season in the United States.

Ferrell & Weslow, Bay street.
Davant & Waples, Bay street.
Adams, Washburn & Co., Stoddard's Lower Range.
Sloan, Groover & Co., Bay street.
John W. Anderson's Sons & Co., Drayton street.
Guerrard & Holcombe, Bay street.
P. H. Behn, Bay street.
L. J. Guilmartin & Co., Bay street.
E. W. Drummond & Bro., Bay street.
W. B. Griffin & Co., 98 Bay street.
H. H. Colquitt, 98 Bay street.
J. W. McDonald, Bay street.
Tison & Gordon, Bay street.
Austin & Ellis, Bay street.
Wm. A. McKenzie, Bay street.
Harney & Co., No. 12, Stoddard's Upper Range.
Barnett & Co., No. 2, Stoddard's Lower Range.
T. F. Smith, Express Building, Bay street.
W. H. Stark & Co., Cotton Factors and Wholesale Grocers, Agents for Gullett's Steel Brush Cotton Gins, and Coe's Super-Phosphate of Lime.

sep15-1m

SPLENDID INVESTMENT.

100 PER CENT. IN FOUR MONTHS!!

THE undersigned, being desirous of raising funds for other purposes, offers for sale a

Flourishing Newspaper,

Now in successful operation in one of the best towns in Southwest Georgia. Original cost of material and office fixtures $1200. Now in its third volume. Paid first year published over $6,000. It is furnished with Job Type, Job Presses, &c.

I propose to sell the office, good will, and all appurtenances for the sum of $600 cash. Possession given 1st January, 1869.

Address ELAM CHRISTIAN,

aug25tf Griffin, Ga.

GREAT BARGAINS.

I WILL SELL MY

Large Brick House,

WITH FIFTEEN ROOMS, sixteen Fire Places, fourteen Closets, Kitchen forty by twenty feet, good Store Room, with all necessary outbuildings, an excellent Well of Water, with the lot on which the same is situated, containing near half an acre, one hundred and twenty yards from the passenger depot, on Decatur street, in the city of Atlanta, Ga. Also,

A Good Plantation,

ON Connesauga River, eight miles from Dalton, in Whitfield county, one and a half miles from Tilton, on the Western and Atlantic Railroad, containing Five Hundred Acres, well adapted to the cultivation of Grain, Clover, and very fair for Cotton. Also,

Ten Lots of Wild Land,

WITH A GOLD MINE that pays well for work. The above property must be sold. Terms made easy.

sept14 R. J. COWART, Atlanta, Ga.

Castle Rock Coal!

We are now prepared to furnish this

CELEBRATED COAL

IN ANY QUANTITY,

EITHER for manufacturing or domestic use. Havining established a

Yard Opposite Our Warehouse,

for the receipt and delivery of the same, families can be supplied at short notice when

Orders are Left at Our Office.

THIS COAL being free from Sulphur and not liable to slack by exposure, renders it superior for purposes above named. Prices, at our yard, are as follows:

Lump Coal, per Car Load,	25c. ℔ bushel of 80 lbs.			
" Less than	"	30	"	"
Fine " per	"	20	"	"
" Less than	"	25	"	"

Orders respectfully solicited and contracts made for shipments from the mines direct. We will also furnish COKE of the very best quality, when desired, at lowest prices.

GLENN, WRIGHT & CARR.

Atlanta, September 10, 1860. sept11d3m

A PRIZE

FOR EVERY ONE,

AT

L. T. BANKS'

SHOE AND LEATHER STORE.

FOR the least possible amount of Gold, Silver or Greenbacks, you can buy

Boots, Shoes,

Hemlock and Oak Sole Leather,

Upper Leather,

French and American Calf and Kip Skins,

Linings, Bindings, Trappings,

Blacksmiths Aprons, and

Shoe-maker's Tools

of all kinds, in large or small quantities.

Upwards of one hundred cases of the above goods received this week, and more on the way.

L. T. BANKS,

Rawson's Building,

Corner Whitehall and Huter streets.

aug21

JNO. W. WALKER, Augusta, Ga. GEO. A. ALLEN, Paducah, Ky. JNO. F. TREUTLEN, Eufaula.

NOTICE OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

We have this day associated ourselves together under the style of

WALKER, ALLEN & TREUTLEN,

—AS—

COTTON FACTORS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND SHIPPING AGTS,

In this city, and would solicit from our friends and the public generally,

CONSIGNMENTS OF COTTON, GRAIN AND PRODUCE GENERALLY.

Especial attention will be given to orders for BAGGING, ROPE, etc. When desired, will make usual advances on Produce in store.

Savannah, Ga., Sept19d3m WALKER, ALLEN & TREUTLEN, Office, No. 8 Drayton St.

No Politics in Business!

ON HAND AND TO ARRIVE.

KEROSENE, SIXTY CENTS PER GALLON.

2,000 POUNDS OF BLUE STONE,

Pure Liquors and Wines with the Tax Off

Drugs,	PRESCRIPTIONS COMPOUNDED	Rare
Medicines,	With Skill, Accuracy,	Toilet Articles,
Chemicals, Paints,	—AND— DISPATCH,	French Perfumery,
Oils, Window Glass,	*Satisfaction*	Pomades, Soaps,
Varnishes, &c.	GUARANTEED!	Combs,

Patent Medicines, Concentrated Flavoring Extracts.

Pure Linseed Oil, Boiled and Raw, fresh from the Crushers, by the Gallon or Barrel.

Iron Requires no Grinding and Less Oil in Mixing Than any Other Metalic Paint.

Pure Train, Tanners' and Machine Oils, by the Gallon or Barrel.

Sole Agents for the Celebrated "Richmond Metalic Paint," Warranted the Best Mineral Paint in the Market; Contains 75½ Per Cent.

All the above Articles, in *Quality* the *Best*, in Quantity *Abundant*. Prices *Low for Cash.*

J. S. WILLSON, M. D., (Successor to Willson & Crane,)

sept191 Under National Hotel, Atlanta, Ga.

THE UNION RESTORED!

POLITICAL DISABILITIES REMOVED

NOW, if you want your PHYSICAL INFIRMITIES removed, call on

SWANSON & BOYKIN,

DRUGGISTS,

WHITEHALL : : : : : : : : : : : : STREET,

And Get a Bottle of

DR. LAWRENCE'S ROSADALIS,

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER,

Which is the PANACEA for All Diseases Arising from an Impure State of the Blood.

We have also in store everything to be found in a

FIRST-CLASS DRUG HOUSE.

SUCH AS,

PAINTS, OILS, WINDOW-GLASS, PUTTY,

DRUGS, CHEMICALS,

All The Popular Patent Medicines,

PERFUMERY, TOILET ARTICLES, &C.

PRESCRIPTIONS FILLED at all hours, day and night, by a competent Pharmaceutist.

aug4

DAILY PASSENGER LINE

BETWEEN

Atlanta and New York,

Philadelphia, Washington,

AND OTHER

EASTERN CITIES

VIA

Western and Atlantic,

—AND—

Virginia & Tennessee Railways.

ALL RAIL ROUTE!

Time Table, May 1st, 1868.

NORTH.

Leave Atlanta	7.00 P M
Leave Dalton	2.30 A M
Leave Knoxville	11.17 A M
Leave Bristol	7.18 P M
Leave Lynchburg	9.00 A M
Leave Washington	7.00 P M
Leave Baltimore	8.55 P M
Leave Philadelphia	1 22 A M
Arrive at New York	5.20 A M

SOUTH.

Leave New York	7.30 P M
Leave Philadelphia	11.00 P M
Leave Baltimore	3.10 A M
Leave Washington	6.30 A M
Leave Lynchburg	5.25 P M
Leave Bristol	7.10 A M
Leave Knoxville	2.56 P M
Leave Dalton	9.48 P M
Arrive at Atlanta	4.45 A M

Time between Atlanta and New York, 57 hours.

☞ The GREAT MAIL between Atlanta and New York is carried exclusively by this Line.

Sleeping Coaches on all Night Trains

THROUGH TICKETS

GOOD UNTIL USED,

—AND—

BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH

TO ALL IMPORTANT POINTS.

E B. WALKER, Master of Transportation

aug16—d3m W. & A. R. R.

1868.

Summer Arrangement.

—OF—

GREAT WESTERN PASSENGER ROUTE

TO THE NORTH AND EAST

—VIA—

LOUISVILLE, CINCINNATI

—OR—

INDIANAPOLIS

Passengers by this Route have choice of

Twenty-five Different Routes to

NEW YORK

Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

Passengers holding tickets by this route to New York, Philadelphia, or Baltimore, can visit Washington without extra charge.

☞ Fare Same as via Knoxville or Augusta.

TRAINS LEAVE ATLANTA

Daily at 8:15 a. m. and 7 p. m.

After arrival of all Southern Trains, and make close connections to above named cities.

☞ Check Baggage to Louisville, and it will be re-checked to destination on Trains of Louisville and Nashville Railroad before arrival at Louisville.

Magnificent Sleeping Cars

ON ALL NIGHT TRAINS.

AMPLE TIME FOR MEALS & GOOD HOTELS.

ASK FOR TICKETS

VIA LOUISVILLE.

☞ Tickets by this Route for sale at

General Ticket Office, Atlanta.

E. B. WALKER, Master of Transportation, W. & A. R. R.

aug16—d3m

THE GEORGIA SALOON

—AND—

RESTAURANT

UNDER THE POST OFFICE,

Corner Broad and Alabama Streets,

OPEN AT ALL HOURS, AND ACCOMMODATION GUARANTEED UNDER ALL CIRCUMSTANCES.

THE very best Liquors, Wines, Ales, Cigars, etc., etc., will be kept at the BAR, and the EATING SALOON will, at all times, be furnished with the best this or any other market affords.

sep22—d3m E. C. REID, Proprietor.

LIVE AND HAVE COMFORT.

The Best Coal in this Market from Messrs. M. C. Wilcox & Co.'s Mines, Coal Creek, East Tenn.

I AM prepared to furnish this superior COAL to the citizens of Atlanta, or to any city on the railroads in this State, or Alabama, at greatly reduced prices:

Lump Coal, per car load,	20c. per bush. of 80lbs.		
Less quantity than	do	25c.	do do
Fine coal per car load	20c.	do	do
Less quantity than do	25c.	do	do
Coke per car load,	20 cents	do	do
Coke, less than car load	25c.	do	do

Orders respectfully solicited, and contracts for shipment from the mines direct. This Coal is cheaper than wood in this market, and it will burn in the chimney without a grate. Coal Yard, Thompson's Hotel lot.

EDWARD PARSONS.

Atlanta, Ga., Sept. 1d3m

Up Country Farm For Sale

CONTAINING 165 ACRES, in Bartow County, 3 miles from Cartersville, 6 from Cassville. Good land. Well watered. 40 Acres cleared, balance well timbered. Good Dwelling House, Gin House and Screw, good society, Church and School.

PRICE, $10 PER ACRE.

Will sell Crop and Stock if wanted. Look at growing Crop and satisfy yourself before you buy. Terms CASH. McNAUGHT, ORMOND & CO.

Atlanta, Ga., Sept. 9th, 1868.

For Sale or Rent.

ONE of the largest, most convenient and best located Stores in the city. Suitable for a Wholesale, Provision, Grain, or Commission House. Possession 1st of October. W. KETCHUM.

Also, some of the BEST UNIMPROVED BUSINESS PROPERTY in the city for sale.

aug25-d1m